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POISON
KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN
READ SAFETY DIRECTIONS BEFORE OPENING OR USING



2,4-D Ester 680

HERBICIDE

ACTIVE CONSTITUENT: 680g/L 2,4-D
present as the 2-ETHYLHEXYL ESTER

GROUP | **HERBICIDE**

A specially formulated low volatile herbicide for selective control of various weeds in crops, pastures and non-agricultural areas according to the directions for use table.

THIS IS A PHENOXY HERBICIDE THAT CAN CAUSE SEVERE DAMAGE TO NATIVE VEGETATION AND SUSCEPTIBLE CROPS SUCH AS COTTON, GRAPES, TOMATOES, OILSEED CROPS AND ORNAMENTALS

IMPORTANT: Read this booklet before use.

APVMA Approval No. 65153/ 123601

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DIRECTIONS FOR USE

RESTRAINTS

DO NOT apply in a manner that may cause an unacceptable impact to native vegetation, agricultural crops, landscaped gardens and aquaculture production, or cause contamination of plant or livestock commodities, outside the application site from spray drift. The buffer zones in the relevant buffer zone tables below provide guidance but may not be sufficient in all situations. Wherever possible, correctly use application equipment designed to reduce spray drift and apply when the wind direction is away from these sensitive areas.

DO NOT allow bystanders to come into contact with the spray cloud.

DO NOT apply unless the wind speed is between 3 and 15 kilometres per hour at the application site during the time of application.

DO NOT apply if there are surface temperature inversion conditions present at the application site during the time of application.

These conditions exist most evenings one to two hours before sunset and persist until one to two hours after sunrise.

Recognising a surface temperature inversion

A surface temperature inversion is likely to be present if:

- mist, fog, dew or a frost have occurred
- smoke or dust hangs in the air and moves sideways, just above the ground surface
- cumulus clouds that have built up during the day collapse towards evening
- wind speed is constantly less than 11km/hr in the evening and overnight
- cool off-slope breezes develop during the evening and overnight
- distant sounds become clearer and easier to hear
- aromas become more distinct during the evening than during the day.

Spray timing

• Spray during the day wherever possible. Vertical mixing of the air makes surface temperature inversions unlikely and will reduce the risk of drift caused by surface temperature inversions.

• There is a very low risk of surface temperature inversion when there is continuous overcast weather, with low and heavy cloud and/or wind speed remains above 11km/h for the whole period between sunset and sunrise.

• A lack of suitable weather conditions for spraying over extended periods is not an excuse for spraying in unsuitable conditions.

DO NOT apply if crop or weeds are stressed due to dry or excessively moist conditions.

DO NOT apply with spray droplets smaller than VERY COARSE spray droplets according to the ASAE S572.1 definition for standard nozzles.

DO NOT use if rain is likely within 6 hours.

Monitoring and record keeping

Users of this product **MUST** make an accurate written record of the details of each spray application within 24 hours following application and **KEEP** this record for a minimum of 2 years. The spray application details that must be recorded are:

- 1 - date of use with start and finish times of application;
- 2 - the specific location which must include address and paddock/s sprayed;
- 3 - product trade name (full name) of the product being used;
- 4 - rate of application which must include the amount of product used per hectare and number of hectares applied to;
- 5 - situation, crop or commodity to which the chemical was applied;
- 6 - wind speed and direction during application;
- 7 - air temperature and relative humidity during application;
- 8 - nozzle brand, model, size, type, and spray system pressure measured during application;
- 9 - height of spray boom from ground;
- 10 - name and contact details of person applying this product (additional record keeping and/or details may be required by the state or territory where this product is used).

Watch for changes in weather conditions. Stop spraying immediately if a surface temperature inversion occurs or if spraying conditions become unsuitable for any other reason.

ADVISORY FOR BOOM SPRAYER USE IN CEREALS, FALLOW AND PASTURE 1 OCTOBER TO 15 APRIL

USE IN CEREALS, FALLOW AND PASTURES DURING THE PERIOD 3 OCTOBER TO 15 APRIL, IT IS ADVISED TO:-

- USE NOZZLES THAT PRODUCE **EXTREMELY COARSE (XC)** TO **ULTRA COARSE (UC) DROPLETS**.
- USE HIGHER WATER RATES PER HA, TO GIVE BETTER EFFICACY.
- USE SLOWER APPLICATION SPEEDS TO ALLOW OPERATORS TO LOWER BOOM HEIGHTS.
- INCREASING DROPLET SIZE AND WATER RATES WHILE REDUCING APPLICATION SPEED WILL ASSIST IN MITIGATING OFF TARGET INVERSION DRIFT DURING SUMMER SPRAYING. EXTREMELY COARSE DROPLETS WILL PRODUCE <3% DRIFTABLE DROPLETS.

BOOM SPRAYERS (ground application)

DO NOT apply by a boom sprayer unless the following requirements are met:

- spray droplets not smaller than a VERY COARSE (VC) spray droplet size category (minimum XC between 3 October and 15 April - advisory)
- boom heights 0.5metres or lower above the target canopy (The higher of either the crop canopy or the targeted weeds)
- minimum distances between the application site and downwind sensitive aquatic and wetland areas including aquacultural ponds, surface streams and rivers (see Aquatic 'Downwind mandatory no-spray zone' section of the following table titled 'Buffer zones for boom sprayers') are observed.
- minimum distances between the application site and downwind sensitive crops, gardens, landscaping vegetation, protected native vegetation or protected animal habitat (see Terrestrial 'Downwind mandatory no-spray zone' section of the following table titled 'Buffer zones for boom sprayers') are observed. The buffer zones provide guidance but may not always be completely protective of all agricultural crops.

BUFFER ZONES FOR BOOM SPRAYERS:

Application rate (/ha)	Downwind mandatory no spray zone	
	Aquatic	Terrestrial
Dryland cropping: winter cereals and fallows		
Up to 230mL (155g ae/ha)	0 metres	0 metres
Up to 820mL (560g ae/ha)	5 metres	15 metres
Dryland cropping: preparatory spray and harvest aid application		
Up to 1.7L (1140g ae/ha)	20 metres	30 metres
Tropical & subtropical uses: sugarcane		
Up to 2.4L (1620g ae/ha)	30 metres	40 metres
Pasture		
Up to 4.7L (3180g ae/ha)	45 metres	95 metres
Up to 6.6L (4488g ae/ha)	70 metres	160 metres
Horticultural, non-orchard uses: potatoes		
Up to 1.15L (780g ae/ha)	10 metres	25 metres
Up to 2.4L (1620g ae/ha)	30 metres	40 metres

AERIAL APPLICATION

DO NOT apply by aerial application unless the following requirements are met:

- spray droplets not smaller than a VERY COARSE (VC) spray droplet size category.
- release heights 5 metres or lower above the target canopy
- minimum distances between the application site and downwind sensitive aquatic and wetland areas including aquacultural ponds, surface streams and rivers (see Aquatic 'Downwind mandatory no-spray zone' section of the following table titled 'Buffer zones for aircraft') are observed.
- minimum distances between the application site and downwind sensitive crops, gardens, landscaping vegetation, protected native vegetation or protected animal habitat (see Terrestrial 'Downwind mandatory no-spray zone' section of the following table titled 'Buffer zones for aircraft') are observed. The buffer zones provide guidance but may not always be completely protective of all agricultural crops.

BUFFER ZONES FOR AIRCRAFT: 3 metre release height or lower above the target canopy

Application rate (t/ha)	Downwind mandatory no spray zone			
	Fixed wing		Helicopter	
	Aquatic	Terrestrial	Aquatic	Terrestrial
Dryland cropping: winter cereals and fallows				
Up to 0.23L (155g ae/ha)	20 metres	35 metres	25 metres	35 metres
Up to 0.8L (560g ae/ha)	60 metres	90 metres	60 metres	80 metres
Dryland cropping: preparatory spray and harvest aid application				
Up to 1.7L (1140g ae/ha)	100 metres	150 metres	90 metres	140 metres
Tropical & subtropical uses: sugarcane				
Up to 1.15L (780g ae/ha)	75 metres	110 metres	70 metres	100 metres
Up to 2.4L (1620g ae/ha)	130 metres	250 metres	120 metres	180 metres

BUFFER ZONES FOR AIRCRAFT: 5 metre release height or lower above the target canopy

Application rate (t/ha)	Downwind mandatory no spray zone			
	Fixed wing		Helicopter	
	Aquatic	Terrestrial	Aquatic	Terrestrial
Dryland cropping: winter cereals and fallows				
Up to 0.23L (155g ae/ha)	40 metres	65 metres	50 metres	65 metres
Up to 0.8L (560g ae/ha)	110 metres	160metres	95 metres	130 metres
Dryland cropping: preparatory spray and harvest aid application				
Up to 1.7L (1140g ae/ha)	190 metres	350 metres	150 metres	210 metres
Tropical & subtropical uses: sugarcane				
Up to 1.15L (780g ae/ha)	140 metres	220metres	120 metres	160 metres
Up to 2.4L (1620g ae/ha)	300 metres	550metres	190 metres	300 metres

Pasture application by air – 5.0m release height

Application rate 6.6L/ha (4500g ae/ha), VERY COARSE droplet size, aerial application

Aquatic protection

	Downwind no-spray zone	
Wind speed range at time of application	Fixed Wing	Helicopter
From 3 to 7 kilometres per hour	750 metres	475 metres
From 7 to 14 kilometres per hour	Not supported	525 metres

Terrestrial protection

	Downwind no-spray zone	
Wind speed range at time of application	Fixed Wing	Helicopter
From 3 to 7 kilometres per hour	Not supported	750 metres
From 7 to 14 kilometres per hour	Not supported	Not supported

Application rate 4.7L/ha (3180g ae/ha), VERY COARSE droplet size, aerial application

Aquatic protection

	Downwind no-spray zone	
Wind speed range at time of application	Fixed Wing	Helicopter
From 3 to 7 kilometres per hour	575 metres	350 metres
From 7 to 14 kilometres per hour	650 metres	350 metres

Terrestrial protection

	Downwind no-spray zone	
Wind speed range at time of application	Fixed Wing	Helicopter
From 3 to 7 kilometres per hour	Not supported	575 metres
From 7 to 14 kilometres per hour	Not supported	625 metres

Pasture application – 3.0m release height

Application rate 6.6L/ha (4500g ae/ha), VERY COARSE droplet size, aerial application

Aquatic protection

	Downwind no-spray zone	
Wind speed range at time of application	Fixed Wing	Helicopter
From 3 to 7 kilometres per hour	475 metres	300 metres
From 7 to 14 kilometres per hour	475 metres	300 metres

Terrestrial protection

	Downwind no-spray zone	
Wind speed range at time of application	Fixed Wing	Helicopter
From 3 to 7 kilometres per hour	750 metres	475 metres
From 7 to 14 kilometres per hour	Not supported	525 metres

Application rate 4.7L/ha (3180g ae/ha), VERY COARSE droplet size, aerial application

Aquatic protection

	Downwind no-spray zone	
Wind speed range at time of application	Fixed Wing	Helicopter
From 3 to 7 kilometres per hour	325 metres	190 metres
From 7 to 14 kilometres per hour	325 metres	210 metres

Terrestrial protection

	Downwind no-spray zone	
Wind speed range at time of application	Fixed Wing	Helicopter
From 3 to 7 kilometres per hour	575 metres	575 metres
From 7 to 14 kilometres per hour	625 metres	625 metres

FIELD CROPS – REFER TO SECTION “SPRAYING APPLICATION AND DRIFT RISK ASSESSMENT” BEFORE APPLICATION

SITUATION AND CROP	WEEDS CONTROLLED	STATE	RATE/ha
Wheat, Barley	Refer to Weed Table	VIC only	210 - 800mL
		SA only	230 - 800mL
		QLD, NSW, ACT only	410 - 800mL
		TAS only	620 - 800mL
		WA only	800mL
Triticale		QLD, NSW, ACT only	410 - 800mL
		SA only	240 - 820mL
		VIC only	210 - 800mL
Cereal Rye		QLD, NSW, ACT only	410 - 800mL
		VIC only	210 - 800mL
Sugar Cane		QLD only	1.15 - 2.4L
Stubble/Fallow Spray Prior to Direct Drilling or Sowing. Winter Cereals, Grain Legumes (Peanuts QLD only), Canola		ALL STATES	210 - 800mL
Harvest Aid or Salvage Spray - Winter Cereals	Broadleaf Weeds	ALL STATES	1.7L
	Refer to Weed Table		
Potatoes Pre-harvest Preparation	Broadleaf Weeds such as Clover, Variegated Thistle and Cruciferous weeds	VIC, TAS only	1.15 - 2.4L
Improved Pasture containing Clovers	Refer to Weed Table	QLD, NSW, ACT, TAS, SA only	410 – 800mL
		QLD, NSW, ACT, TAS, SA only	800mL - 4.7L
		VIC only	800mL - 6.5L 70 – 620mL/100L
Pastures – Non legumes, Rights of Way and Industrial		QLD, NSW, ACT, VIC, TAS, SA, WA only	800mL - 1.5L (Aerial Application)
			800mL - 1.5L (Ground Application)
			3.3 - 4.7L (Aerial or Ground)
			As above plus 2.2 DPA sodium salt or Apparent Glyphosate 450 Herbicide
Pastures – Direct Drilling or Surface Sowing	Charlock, Clover, Medics, Mustards, Paterson's Curse, Saffron, Slender, Variegated and Spear Thistles, Turnip Weed, Wild Radish, Wild Turnip		
	As Above plus: Capeweed, Wireweed, Storksbill/Erodium, Flatweed, Horehound (seedlings), Skeleton Weed, Nodding or Star Thistles		
	St John's Wort		
	All of above plus grasses		

SPOT SPRAYING

SITUATION AND CROP	WEEDS CONTROLLED	STATE	RATE/ha
Spot Spraying (All Situations)	Refer to Weed Table	ALL STATES	1/100th of rate on Weed Table per 10L water per 100m ²

CRITICAL COMMENTS
CROP STAGES: ALL CEREALS Variations between varieties do occur. Check sensitivity and growth stages of varieties before applying. Damage may result if applied too early. VIC only: Apply at tillered to boot stages. NSW, ACT only: Apply after when the first node can be felt at the base of a tiller and before swelling of the head can be felt in a tiller. QLD only: Apply from mid-tillering (5 to 6 fully emerged main stem leaves plus one or more tillers) to before boot stage (visible swelling of the head at the top of the main stem). SA, TAS only: Apply from completion of tillering to early jointing stage. WA only: Apply from the 5 leaf stage up to jointing stage (Zadoks 15 - 33). Apply only at 6 leaf stage for Cranbrook and Jacup wheats (Zadok 16) to avoid possible damage.
Post-emergence. Observe the plant back periods given in the table in this leaflet. Must be tank mixed with a knockdown herbicide such as Apparent Glyphosate 450 Herbicide, paraquat or paraquat/diquat mixtures. Select appropriate rate from the weed table. For Skeleton Weed, spraying should only be done 6 - 8 weeks before anticipated sowing date and subsequent cultivation limited to a minimum. Apply after dough stage of crop. Interval between application and effectiveness is 10 - 20 days. For desiccation of green matter, estimate harvest date and apply spray approximately 14 days earlier. Rain between spraying and actual harvest can negate results. Note: Where thistles are tall and branching above the crop, spraying can turn the branches down into the crop, presenting more stalks to cause header comb blockages. Spraying may increase seed contamination of harvest by accelerating maturity. DO NOT use with undersown legumes that have not set seed. Apply approximately 4 to 5 weeks before harvest after the potato haulms have dried off. Use the highest rate where weeds are more than 30cm in height. For boom spraying apply at least 100 litres of spray mixture per hectare. If grasses such as Rye Grass and Winter Grass are also present add Amitrole™ T Herbicide. Clover must be well covered by the grass or extensive damage may result.
Control of most perennial weeds, but due to the rooting habits of most species control may take a number of years. Damage may result to legumes in pasture. Boom spray. Spot spraying. Applying to young, actively growing weeds. Sowing: DO NOT sow pasture seed for at least 21 days after application. If soil moisture is dry, delay sowing for at least 30 days.

CRITICAL COMMENTS
Apply through Knapsack. Thorough wetting of weed is essential.

**NOT TO BE USED FOR ANY PURPOSE, OR IN ANY MANNER, CONTRARY TO THIS LABEL UNLESS
AUTHORISED UNDER APPROPRIATE LEGISLATION**

**IN TASMANIA, THIS PRODUCT MAY ONLY BE USED FROM 15 APRIL TO 15 SEPTEMBER UNLESS OTHERWISE PERMITTED
BY THE REGISTRAR OF PESTICIDES.**

WITHHOLDING PERIOD:

PASTURES, CEREAL CROPS: DO NOT GRAZE OR CUT FOR STOCK FOOD FOR 7 DAYS AFTER APPLICATION.

HARVEST WITHHOLDING PERIOD NOT REQUIRED WHEN USED AS DIRECTED.

WEED TABLE

NOTE: Where weeds are to be sprayed in a CROP or PASTURE, use only the rates given for the crop in the table below. In most cases this will give control, however some hard to kill weeds or those in advanced stages of growth may only be suppressed eg *Rumex* spp. (Docks) and *Polygonum* spp. (Wireweed, Climbing Buckwheat) are killed to ground level only.

APPLICATION RATE PER HECTARE

WEEDS CONTROLLED	Crop						Pasture – Non Legume		CRITICAL COMMENTS
	VIC	SA	TAS	NSW, ACT	QLD	WA	VIC	NSW,ACT, TAS, SA, QLD, WA only	
<i>Amaranthus</i> spp.	-	-	-	800mL	-	-	-	-	
Angled Onion	-	-	-	-	-	-	3.3L	0.8 - 1.7L	Spray when buds are forming or early flowering.
Apple Sodom	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2.9 - 3.3L	
Bathurst Burr	-	-	-	800mL	-	-	1.7 - 3.3L	1.7 - 3.3L	Spray from seedling to pre-flowering. Use higher rate as plant matures.
Black Knapweed	-	-	-	-	-	-	3.3L	-	Spray before flowering. DO NOT cultivate these infestations.
Buffalo Burr	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	800mL - 1.5L (Not Qld & WA)	Spray from seedling to pre-flowering. Use higher rate as plant matures.
California Burr	-	-	-	800mL	-	-	1.7 - 3.3L	1.15 - 1.7L (Not SA)	Spray from seedling to pre-flowering. Use higher rate as plant matures.
Caltrop	-	-	-	620mL – 800mL	-	-	1.7 - 3.3L	-	Spray from seedling to pre-flowering. Use higher rate as plant matures.
Cape Tulip	-	-	-	-	-	1.15L	3.3L	1.7 - 3.3L	Spray before flowering.
Capeweed	800mL	800mL	800mL	530 – 800mL	-	-	-	2.5 - 3.3L	Spray up to rosette stage.
Charlock	410mL	410mL	800mL	410mL	-	-	-	800mL	Spray up to rosette stage.
Clover	-	-	-	620mL – 800mL	-	-	-	800mL	
Colocynth	-	-	-	-	-	-	3.3L	-	Spray at seedling stage only.
Deadnettle	-	-	-	800mL	-	-	-	-	
Devil's Claw	-	-	-	800mL	-	-	1.3L	1.15 - 1.7L (Not SA)	Spray prior to pods forming.
Dock	800mL	800mL	-	-	800mL	800mL	-	1.7 - 2.5L	Spray at rosette stage to kill top growth only.

WEEDS CONTROLLED	Crop						Pasture – Non Legume		CRITICAL COMMENTS
	VIC	SA	TAS	NSW, ACT	QLD	WA	VIC	NSW,ACT, TAS, SA, QLD, WA only	
Fat Hen	-	-	-	410 – 800mL	-	-	-	-	
Flatweed	-	-	-	800mL	-	-	-	2.5 - 3.3L	
Fumitory (red)	-	800mL	-	800mL	-	-	-	2.5 - 3.3L	Spray up to rosette stage.
Fumitory (white)	800mL	410mL	-	800mL	-	-	-	2.5 - 3.3L	Spray up to rosette stage.
Galvanised Burr	-	-	-	-	-	-	4.7L	4.7L (Not Qld & WA)	Spray from seedling to pre-flowering.
Goosefoots	-	-	-	800mL	-	-	-	-	
Hard Head or Russian Knapweed	-	-	-	-	-	-	3.3 - 5.2L	-	Spray before flowering.
Hogweed, Wireweed	800mL	800mL	-	800mL	800mL	-	-	1.15 - 1.7L (Not SA)	Spray up to rosette stage.
Hoary Cress, Whiteweed	-	800mL	800mL	800mL	-	-	1.7 - 3.3L	1.7 - 2.1L	Spray from late rosette to pre-flowering.
Horehound (seedlings)	-	800mL	-	-	-	840mL	-	1.7 - 3.3L	Late autumn to early spring.
Ironweed, Corn Gromwell	-	-	-	-	800mL	-	-	1.15 - 1.7L	
Khaki Weed	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	800mL - 1.15L (Not SA)	Spray young seedlings only.
Lincoln Weed	-	800mL	-	-	-	-	-	-	Autumn spray before sowing improves control.
London Rocket	-	-	-	-	-	570mL	-	1.6 - 2.5L (WA only)	
Lupins	800mL	-	-	410 – 800mL	-	-	-	-	Spray up to rosette stage.
Mellilotus/Hexham Scent	800mL	800mL	-	-	800mL	-	-	1.15 - 1.7L	Spray up to rosette stage.
Melons – camel, paddy	-	-	-	410 – 800mL	-	-	-	-	
Mustards	330mL	230 – 800mL	800mL	410 - 900mL	620mL	620mL	3.3L	1.7 - 2.5L	Spray up to rosette stage.

WEEDS CONTROLLED	Crop						Pasture – Non Legume			CRITICAL COMMENTS
	VIC	SA	TAS	NSW, ACT	QLD	WA	VIC	NSW,ACT, TAS, SA, QLD, WA only		
Mexican Poppy	-	2.3 - 3.5L	-	800mL	-	840mL	-	800 mL - 1.15L (1.1 - 1.5L WA only)	Spray rosette stage and before flowering.	
Mintweed	-	-	-	800mL	620mL	-	-	800mL-1.15L	Spray active seedlings only.	
Muskweed	800mL	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Spray up to rosette stage.	
New Zealand Spinach	-	-	-	800mL	-	-	-	-		
Noogoora Burr	-	-	-	800mL	-	-	1.7 - 3.3L	1.7 - 3.3L	Spray seeding to pre-flowering.	
Nut Grass	-	-	-	-	-	-	3.3 - 5.2L	-	Spray within 4 weeks of foliage emergence, repeat spray necessary.	
Paterson's Curse	-	-	-	800mL	-	840mL	1.7 - 3.3L	800mL - 1.7L (1.15 - 1.5L WA only)	Spray seedling to rosette stage.	
Poppy Wild	410mL	-	-	-	-	-	-	2.1 - 2.9L	Spray up to rosette stage.	
Ragwort	-	-	-	-	-	-	3.3L	3.3L	Spray at rosette to cabbage stage.	
Rapeseed	800mL	-	-	410 – 800mL	-	-	-	-	Spray up to rosette stage.	
Rapistrum	-	-	-	-	-	570mL	-	840mL (WA only)		
Rough Poppy	-	410mL	-	410 – 800mL	-	-	-	800mL	Spray young seedlings only.	
St. John's Wort	-	-	-	-	-	-	3.3 - 5.2L	3.3 - 4.7L	Spray before flowering. Spray before plants are 40 cm high.	
Safflower	-	-	-	410 - 800mL	-	-	-	-		
Sand Mustard/ Sand Rocket	-	-	-	-	-	-	3.3L	-	Spray before flowering.	
Shepherd's Purse	-	-	-	800mL	-	-	-	-		
Silver Leaf Nighthshade	-	-	-	-	-	-	3.3L	-	Spray at flowering. Fallow land: controls top growth only.	
Skeleton Weed	-	800mL	-	800mL	-	-	3.3L	1.15 - 1.7L	Spray rosettes before aerial growth commences.	
Stingless Nettle (Deadnettle)	-	800mL	800mL	-	-	-	-	2.1 - 2.5L		
Stinging Nettle	800mL	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Spray up to rosette stage.	
Stinkwort	-	-	-	800mL	-	-	1.7 - 3.3L	1.7 - 3.3L	Spray younger plants. Use higher rate as plants mature.	
Storksbill/Erodium	-	-	-	800mL	-	-	-	-		
Sunflower Seedlings	800mL	-	-	410 – 800mL	620mL	-	-	-	Spray multiple leaves.	

WEEDS CONTROLLED	Crop						Pasture – Non Legume			CRITICAL COMMENTS
	VIC	SA	TAS	NSW, ACT	QLD	WA	VIC	NSW,ACT, TAS, SA, QLD, WA only		
Thistles:										
- Golden	-	-	-	-	-	-	3.3L	3.3L	Spray at rosette stage.	
- Nodding	-	-	-	-	-	-	3.3L	1.15 - 1.7L	Spray at rosette stage to pre-flowering.	
- Saffron	620mL	800mL	-	410 – 800mL	800mL	800mL	800mL - 1.7L	840mL - 3.3L (WA only)	Spray up to rosette stage.	
- Sheep	-	-	-	-	-	840mL	-	840mL - 3.3L (WA only)		
- Slender, Shore	-	-	800mL	800mL	-	-	1.7 - 3.3L	800 mL - 3.3L	Spray at rosette stage.	
- Soldier	-	-	-	-	-	-	3.3L	-	Spray at rosette stage	
- Spear	800mL	-	800mL	-	-	-	800mL - 2.5L	1.15 - 2.1L	Spraying at seedling to rosette stage. Use higher rate as plants mature (pastures).	
- Stemless	-	-	-	-	-	-	3.3L	2.5 - 3.3L	Spray at rosette stage to flowering.	
- St Barnaby's	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1.15 - 1.7L		
- Star	-	-	-	800mL	-	-	1.7 - 3.3L	1.15 - 1.7L	Spraying at seedling to rosette stage. Use higher rate as plants mature.	
- Variegated	-	-	800mL	410 – 800mL	620mL	-	800mL - 2.5L	800mL - 3.3L	Spray at rosette stage. Can cause stock poisoning.	
Thornapple	-	3.5L	-	410 – 800mL	-	-	3.3L	800mL - 1.7L	Spray at seedling stage.	
Tree Hogweed	800mL	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Spray up to rosette stage.	
Turnip Weed	-	410mL	-	410 – 800mL	410mL	620mL	-	800mL	Spray seedling only.	
Vetches/Tares	800mL	620mL	800mL	-	-	-	-	-		
Wards Weed	-	410mL	-	-	-	-	-	-	Spray at seedling stage.	
Wild Cabbage	800mL	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Spray up to rosette stage.	
Wild Garlic Only	-	-	-	-	-	-	6.6L	-	Suppresses aerial growth.	
Wild Mignonette	-	-	-	-	-	840mL	3.3L	-	Spray at rosette stage.	
Wild Mustard	-	-	-	-	-	570mL	-	1.6 - 2.5L (WA only)		
Wild Radish	800mL	800mL	800mL	410 – 800mL	800mL	570mL	-	800mL (840mL WA only)	Spray up to rosette stage.	
Wild Sage	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2.5 - 3.3L		
Wild Teasel	-	-	-	-	-	-	1.7 - 3.3L	-	Spray at rosette stage. Use higher rate as plants mature.	
Wild Turnip	210mL	230mL	800mL	410 – 800mL	-	400mL	-	800mL (840mL WA only)	Spray up to rosette stage.	

Plant back days for APPARENT 2,4-D ESTER 680 HERBICIDE

CROP	RATES		
	Up to 510mL/ha	510mL-1L/ha	1-1.6L/ha
Balansa Clover	7	7	10
Barley ¹	1	1	3
Chickpeas ²	7	14	21
Cotton	10	14	21
Faba Beans	7	7	10
Field Peas	7	14	14
Lentils	7	7	10
Linseed	7	7	14
Lucerne	7	7	10
Lupins ⁴	7	14	21
Medics	7	7	10
Narbon Beans	7	7	10
Navy Beans	10	10	14
Oats	3	3	7
Perennial Ryegrass	7	7	10
Persian Clover	7	7	10
Phalaris	7	7	10
Canola/ Rapeseed ³	14	21	28
Rice	7	7	14
Safflower ²	7	14	21

GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

Before opening, carefully read Directions for Use, Precautionary Statements, Safety Directions and First Aid Instructions.

APPLICATION INFORMATION

This product may be used in either high or low volume sprays. Just pour into water and stir.

Boom Spraying: Use 30 - 100 litres water per hectare.

Aerial Spraying: Use 40 - 90 litres water per hectare.

Note: Refer to the Department of Agriculture/Primary Industries in your state for the current restricted spraying areas.

EQUIPMENT MAINTENANCE AND USAGE

Keep the spray unit for herbicides only if possible. Otherwise wash out the unit with hot soapy water followed by several clear water rinses. DO NOT use wooden spray vats as they cannot be cleaned.

Hoses cannot be cleaned and new hoses should be fitted when the unit is to be used or any other purpose.

COMPATIBILITY

This product can be tank mixed with 500 g/L Dicamba Herbicide, Apparent Chlorsulfuron 750 WG Herbicide, Paraquat, 2,2 DPA sodium salt, Atrazine 900 WG, Apparent Glyphosate 450 Herbicide, Metsulfuron 600 WG, Triasulfuron 750 WG, paraquat/diquat mixtures, 600 g/L Triclopyr, 200 g/L Fluroxypyr.

TANK MIXING INSTRUCTIONS

- Fill the tank ¼ full with water and agitate.

CROP	RATES		
	Up to 510mL/ha	510mL-1L/ha	1-1.6L/ha
Sorghum ³	3	7	10
Soybean	14	14	21
Sub-Clover	7	7	10
Sunflower ³	7	10	14
Triticale ¹	1	3	7
Vetch	7	7	10
Wheat ¹	1	3	7
White Clover	7	7	10

IMPORTANT: WHEN APPLIED TO DRY SOILS AT LEAST 15mm (1/2 inch) OF RAIN MUST FALL PRIOR TO THE COMMENCEMENT OF THE PLANT BACK PERIOD.

Notes:

- In Queensland, no rainfall is required to fall prior to commencement of Plant Back Period for wheat, barley and triticale.
- In Queensland, planting of canola/rapeseed, chickpeas and safflower must be delayed for at least 14 days following rainfall at least 15mm.
- In Central Queensland, when using 730mL/ha or less of Apparent 2,4-D Ester 680 Herbicide, the Plant Back Period for sorghum and sunflower is 1 day irrespective of rainfall.
- In WA the Plant Back Period for lupins at all rates is 28 days.

- Add wettable powders and water dispersible granules first.
- Agitate until these are uniformly dispersed, while adding water until the tank is 90% full.
- Add suspension concentrates (flowables) then soluble concentrates. Add emulsifiable concentrates last.
- Top up the tank with water and continue agitation until all the ingredients are properly mixed.
- Observe any mixing sequence instructions specifically stated on the tank mix products.

RESISTANT WEEDS WARNING

GROUP 1 HERBICIDE

Apparent 2,4-D Ester 680 Herbicide is a member of the Phenoxy group of herbicides. Apparent 2,4-D Ester 680 Herbicide has the Disruptors of plant cell growth mode of action. For weed resistance management Apparent 2,4-D Ester 680 Herbicide is a Group I Herbicide. Some naturally-occurring weed biotypes resistant to Apparent 2,4-D Ester 680 Herbicide and other Group I Herbicides may exist through normal genetic variability in any weed population. The resistant individuals can eventually dominate the weed population if these herbicides are used repeatedly. These resistant weeds will not be controlled by Apparent 2,4-D Ester 680 Herbicide or other Group I herbicides. Since the occurrence of resistant weeds is difficult to detect prior to use, AIRR Apparent Pty Ltd accepts no liability for any losses that may result from the failure of Apparent 2,4-D Ester 680 Herbicide to control resistant weeds.

PROTECTION OF CROPS, NATIVE AND OTHER NON-TARGET PLANTS

DO NOT spray crops or weeds outside the stages indicated in "Critical Comments" as damage, loss or yield or inadequate weed control may result.

Drift Warning:

Direct spray contact or even slight drift may cause severe injury or destruction of any growing crop or other desirable plants including trees and native vegetation.

DO NOT use when breeze is blowing towards nearby desirable plants.

DO NOT apply under metrological conditions or from spraying equipment that may cause spray to drift onto nearby susceptible plants, adjacent crops, crop lands or pastures.

This is a phenoxy herbicide that can cause severe damage to susceptible crops such as cotton, tobacco, tomatoes, flowers, vegetables, vines, fruit trees, legume crops and pastures, oil seed crops or other susceptible crops and trees (eg Kurrajongs, Belahs, Eucalypts).

Legume Tolerance: If clovers are present, care should be taken to ensure that they have reached the 3 - 4 leaf stage before spraying. Rates above 410mL of this product per hectare will destroy most clovers, whilst lucerne and medics are susceptible at any strength.

PROTECTION OF LIVESTOCK

Low hazard to bees. May be applied at any time as recommended in the Directions for Use.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Store in the original container in a cool, well-ventilated area. DO NOT store for prolonged periods in direct sunlight. Triple rinse containers before disposal. Add rinsings to spray tank. DO NOT dispose of undiluted chemicals on site. If recycling, replace cap and return clean containers to recycler or designated collection point. If not recycling, break, crush, or puncture and deliver empty packaging for appropriate disposal to an approved waste management facility. If an approved waste management facility is not available, bury the empty packaging 500mm below the surface in a disposal pit specifically marked and set up for this purpose clear of waterways, desirable vegetation and tree roots, in compliance with relevant Local, State or Territory government regulations. DO NOT burn empty containers or product.

For Refillable containers: Empty contents fully into application equipment. Close all valves and return to point of supply for refill or storage.

SAFETY DIRECTIONS

Poisonous if swallowed. Avoid contact with eyes and skin. DO NOT inhale spray mist. When preparing spray, wear PVC or rubber apron and elbow-length PVC gloves and face shield. When using the prepared spray, wear face shield. If product on skin, immediately wash area with soap and water. After use and before eating, drinking, or smoking, wash hands arms and face thoroughly with soap and water. After each day's use, wash gloves, face shield and contaminated clothing.

FIRST AID

If poisoning occurs, contact a doctor or Poisons Information Centre. Phone Australia 13 11 26; New Zealand 0800 764 766.

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Additional information is listed in the safety data sheet (SDS) which is available from the supplier.

CONDITIONS OF SALE

AIRR Apparent Pty Ltd shall not be liable for any loss injury damage or death whether consequential or otherwise whatsoever or howsoever arising whether through negligence or otherwise in connection with the sale supply use or application of this product. The supply of this product is on the express condition that the purchaser does not rely on AIRR Apparent Pty Ltd's skill or judgement in purchasing or using the same and every person dealing with this product does so at his own risk absolutely. No representative of AIRR Apparent Pty Ltd has any authority to add to or alter these conditions.