DIRECTIONS FOR USE
For complete directions for use please read attached booklet.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL
Store in the closed, original container in a cool, well-ventilated area. Do not store for prolonged periods in direct sunlight. Triple rinse containers before disposal. Add rinsings to spray tank. Do not dispose of undiluted chemicals on site. If recycling, replace cap and return clean containers to recycler or designated collection point. If not recycling, break, crush, or puncture and deliver empty packaging to an approved waste management facility. If an approved waste management facility is not available, bury the empty packaging 500 mm below the surface in a disposal pit specifically marked and set up for this purpose clear of waterways, desirable vegetation and tree roots, in compliance with relevant Local, State or Territory government regulations. Do not burn empty containers or product.

SAFETY DIRECTIONS
Harmful if swallowed. May irritate the eyes and skin. Repeated exposure may cause allergic disorders. Avoid contact with eyes and skin. When preparing product for use, wear cotton overalls buttoned to the neck and wrist and a washable hat, elbow-length PVC gloves and goggles. Wash hands after use. After each day’s use, wash gloves, goggles and contaminated clothing.

FIRST AID
If poisoning occurs, contact a doctor or Poisons Information Centre. Phone Australia: 131126.

MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET
Additional information is listed in the Material Safety Data Sheet which can be obtained from your supplier.

CONDITIONS OF SALE
The use of Apparent Imidacloprid 200 SC Insecticide being beyond the control of the manufacturer no warranty expressed or implied is given by Apparent Pty Ltd regarding its suitability, fitness or efficiency for any purpose for which it is used by the buyer, whether in accordance with the directions or not and Apparent Pty Ltd accepts with no responsibility for any consequences whatsoever resulting from the use of this product.

APVMA Approval No: 66888/54626
Batch No:
Date of Manufacture:
CAUTION
KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN
READ SAFETY DIRECTIONS BEFORE OPENING OR USING

Imidacloprid 200 SC
INSECTICIDE

ACTIVE CONSTITUENT: 200 g/L IMIDACLOPRID

GROUP 4A INSECTICIDE

For the control of various insect pests of cotton, fruit, vegetables and ornamentals as specified in the Directions for Use table.

IMPORTANT: READ THIS BOOKLET BEFORE USE

APVMA Approval No: 66888/54626

Apparent Pty Ltd A.C.N. 143 724 136
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**DIRECTIONS FOR USE**

**FOLIAR SPRAY APPLICATIONS**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Crop</th>
<th>Pest</th>
<th>Rate</th>
<th>WHP</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Cotton</td>
<td>Aphids</td>
<td>250 mL/ha + Penetra Penetrant at 0.2% v/v (2 mL/L water)</td>
<td>13 weeks</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mirids</td>
<td>Brown flea beetle</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Stone Fruit</td>
<td>Green peach aphid</td>
<td>Dilute spraying 25 mL/100 L</td>
<td>21 days</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Black peach aphid</td>
<td>Concentrate Spraying 25 mL/100 L</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cucurbits</td>
<td>Green peach aphid</td>
<td>Refer to Mixing/Application section</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Capsicum</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Eggplant</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tomato</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Brassicas</td>
<td>Grey cabbage aphid</td>
<td>25 mL/100 L or 300 mL/ha</td>
<td>7 days</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Turnip aphid</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sweet Potato</td>
<td>Silverleaf whitefly, including type B</td>
<td>25 mL/100 L or 250 mL/ha</td>
<td>7 days</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cucumber</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Eggplant</td>
<td>Melon Thrips</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Critical Comments**

The addition of Penetra Penetrant or equivalent is critical for the performance of Apparent Imidacloprid 200 SC Insecticide. Apply early in the establishment of an aphid infestation when numbers are low (i.e. no more than 1 or 2 leaves per plant with honeydew present). Applications made later than this may result in reduced control. Shorter residual control may be evident and a repeat application of a registered aphicide (follow the Cotton Insecticide Resistance Management Strategy for cotton aphid) may be required to achieve complete control:

- if application of Apparent Imidacloprid 200 SC Insecticide plus Penetra or equivalent are timed too late (see above); or
- if existing high density aphid colonies (hotspots) are present; or
- if aphids have established throughout the plant canopy (especially lower in the canopy); or
- if there is high re-infestation; or
- if there is rapid crop growth; or
- if Apparent Imidacloprid 200 SC Insecticide plus Penetra or equivalent is used following a spray-failure (e.g. resistance to organophosphates or carbamate insecticides).

Note: Where resistance to carbamates or organophosphates is suspected, Apparent Imidacloprid 200 SC Insecticide plus Penetra or equivalent should be used first so as not to delay control of the aphids present.

Aphids treated with Apparent Imidacloprid 200 SC Insecticide plus Penetra or equivalent may still be present on the plant but will not be feeding. Control of aphids should initially be assessed by a reduction in fresh honeydew and not on the presence of aphids on the plant. After ingesting Apparent Imidacloprid 200 SC Insecticide, aphids may take up to 5 days to die.

Apply when pest numbers reach treatment threshold levels as determined by field checks.

Stone Fruit
- Green peach aphid
- Black peach aphid

Capsicum
- Eggplant
- Potato

Tomato
- Grey cabbage aphid
- Turnip aphid

Brassicas
- Grey cabbage aphid
- Turnip aphid

Sweet Potato
- Silverleaf whitefly, including type B

Cucumber
- Melon Thrips

Apply at first sign of aphid infestation. Apply as a full cover spray, ensuring thorough coverage. Apply by dilute or concentrate spraying equipment. Apply the same total amount of product to the target crop whether applying this product by dilute or concentrate methods. Do not use in equipment that requires rates greater than 125 mL/100 L water (i.e. greater than 5 x concentrate).

Apply at first sign of aphid infestation. Add a wetting agent.

Apply at first sign of whitefly or melon thrips infestation. Apply dilute sprays (25 mL/100 L) to run off. Ensure thorough coverage of underside of leaves. Use of droppers will improve coverage of underside of leaves.
**Crop** | **Pest** | **Rate** | **WHP** | **Critical Comments**
--- | --- | --- | --- | ---
Roses | Aphids | 25 mL/100 L | - | Apply as a thorough spray at first sign of infestation.
Ornamental plants | Aphids | 25 mL/100 L | - | Spray buds and flowers as needed.
 | Azalea Lace Bug | 25 mL/100 L | - | Apply 3 sprays 2 weeks apart. Use a non-ionic surfactant at label rate.
 | Bronze Orange Bug | 25 mL/100 L | - | Spray at first sign then a week later.
 | Harlequin Bug | 25 mL/100 L | - | Spray in late spring or when scales are first seen. Apply 3 sprays 2 weeks apart. Use a non-ionic surfactant at label rate.
 | Citrus Mealy Bug | 25 mL/100 L | - | Apply at peak egg hatch that is mid Spring to mid Summer depending on species.
 | Greenhouse Thrips | 25 mL/100 L | - | Monitor adult activity through late Spring and early Summer. Spray when numbers peak, or when small larvae (4 mm) are found in the thatch or surface soil. Early application is essential to minimize grass damage due to feeding.
 | Fullers Rose Weevil | 25 mL/100 L | - | Apply when aphid numbers reach spray threshold levels as determined by regular monitoring. Ensure thorough coverage of all leaves.
 | Hibiscus Flower Beetle | 50 mL/100 L | - | Apply 3 sprays 2 weeks apart. Use a non-ionic surfactant at label rate.
 | Longtailed Mealybug | 50 mL/100 L + surfactant | - | Apply 3 sprays 2 weeks apart. Use a non-ionic surfactant at label rate.
 | Psyllids | 25 mL/100 L | - | Spray at first sign then a week later.
 | Soft Scales | 25 mL/100 L | - | Spray at first sign then a week later.
 | Turf | First instar larvae of: | 2.5 L/ha or 25 mL/100 L | - | Monitor adult activity through late Spring and early Summer. Spray when numbers peak, or when small larvae (4 mm) are found in the thatch or surface soil. Early application is essential to minimize grass damage due to feeding.
 | African Black Beetle | 2.5 L/ha or 25 mL/100 L | - | Monitor adult activity through late Spring and early Summer. Spray when numbers peak, or when small larvae (4 mm) are found in the thatch or surface soil. Early application is essential to minimize grass damage due to feeding.
 | Argentinian Scarab | 2.5 L/ha or 25 mL/100 L | - | Monitor adult activity through late Spring and early Summer. Spray when numbers peak, or when small larvae (4 mm) are found in the thatch or surface soil. Early application is essential to minimize grass damage due to feeding.
 | Pruinose Scarab | 2.5 L/ha or 25 mL/100 L | - | Monitor adult activity through late Spring and early Summer. Spray when numbers peak, or when small larvae (4 mm) are found in the thatch or surface soil. Early application is essential to minimize grass damage due to feeding.
 | Larvae of Billbug | 25 mL/100 L | - | Monitor adult activity through late Spring and early Summer. Spray when numbers peak, or when small larvae (4 mm) are found in the thatch or surface soil. Early application is essential to minimize grass damage due to feeding.
 | Duboisia | Green peach aphid | 25 mL/100 L | - | Monitor adult activity through late Spring and early Summer. Spray when numbers peak, or when small larvae (4 mm) are found in the thatch or surface soil. Early application is essential to minimize grass damage due to feeding.
 | Pananus Trees | Flatid (Jamella australiae) | **Spot Spray** 875 mL/100 L of water | - | Monitor adult activity through late Spring and early Summer. Spray when numbers peak, or when small larvae (4 mm) are found in the thatch or surface soil. Early application is essential to minimize grass damage due to feeding.
 | Stem Injection | 1.75 L/1 L of water | - | Monitor adult activity through late Spring and early Summer. Spray when numbers peak, or when small larvae (4 mm) are found in the thatch or surface soil. Early application is essential to minimize grass damage due to feeding.

**SOIL DRENCHED APPLICATIONS**

| Crop | Insect | Chemical control | Rate | Critical Comments |
--- | --- | --- | --- | ---
Apples | Woolly aphid | 12 mL/1 L of water/tree | - | For trees up to 7 years of age. During late summer or autumn, apple trees with woolly aphid colonies or damage should be identified and marked for treatment the following season. At green tip to petal fall, apply 1 litre of the prepared Apparent Imidacloprid 200 SC Insecticide mixture to moist soil immediately around the base of the tree trunk. Ensure the mixture infiltrates the soil around the trunk and does not run off the soil. Control weeds before application. Do not disturb or remove the soil around the trunk during the season. If aerial colonies are present at application, maximum effectiveness may not be achieved until the following season. Do not treat more than once in any 3 year period.
 | Beneficial insect plus chemical control | - | - | Mix the required dose in sufficient water to adequately treat each tree. Use at least 50 L of mix per tree up to a tree diameter of 400-500 mm and then add 100 L per tree for larger trees. Inject mix to a depth of 20-30 cm in a minimum of 4 injection sites per tree 0.75 to 1.5 m apart, arranged in an evenly spaced grid to just beyond the drip line. Ensure root zone is adequately moist with active root growth. Keep treated area moist for 7-10 days after treatment. Treat at least 6-10 weeks prior to pest attack in the late winter or early spring when roots are active. DO NOT treat if soil is waterlogged.

| Elm | Elm leaf beetle | 7 mL/25 mm of tree diameter at breast height | - | For trees up to 7 years of age. During late summer or autumn, apple trees with woolly aphid colonies or damage should be identified and marked for treatment the following season. At green tip to petal fall, apply 1 litre of the prepared Apparent Imidacloprid 200 SC Insecticide mixture to moist soil immediately around the base of the tree trunk. Ensure the mixture infiltrates the soil around the trunk and does not run off the soil. Control weeds before application. Do not disturb or remove the soil around the trunk during the season. If aerial colonies are present at application, maximum effectiveness may not be achieved until the following season. Do not treat more than once in any 3 year period.
 | - | - | - | Mix the required dose in sufficient water to adequately treat each tree. Use at least 50 L of mix per tree up to a tree diameter of 400-500 mm and then add 100 L per tree for larger trees. Inject mix to a depth of 20-30 cm in a minimum of 4 injection sites per tree 0.75 to 1.5 m apart, arranged in an evenly spaced grid to just beyond the drip line. Ensure root zone is adequately moist with active root growth. Keep treated area moist for 7-10 days after treatment. Treat at least 6-10 weeks prior to pest attack in the late winter or early spring when roots are active. DO NOT treat if soil is waterlogged.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Crop</th>
<th>Insect</th>
<th>Rate</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Seedling Eucalyptus (to 1 m high) in pots</td>
<td>Chrysalid beetle larvae, Psyllids</td>
<td>2.5 mL/plant</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Azaleas in pots</td>
<td>Azalea lace bug</td>
<td>3.5 mL/250 mL water/pot</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ornamentals in pots</td>
<td>Scarab beetle larvae</td>
<td>3.5 mL/5 L water</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Roses</td>
<td>Aphids</td>
<td>3.5 mL/2 L water/plant</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

For soil drench treatments, remove mulch and dead vegetation, and moisten the soil surface first. Apply Apparent Imidacloprid 200 SC Insecticide mixture, then water it in well immediately after application.

**Critical Comments**

Mix in water up to 0.5 L per 3 L pot and apply to soil. Use less water for smaller pots. DO NOT dilute to the point where mix runs out the bottom of pots.

Use as a soil drench for pots up to 20 L capacity. Prior to application remove mulch and dead vegetation, and moisten the soil surface. Apply the Apparent Imidacloprid 200 SC Insecticide mixture, and then water it in well immediately after application.

Use as a soil drench. 5 L of mixture will treat twenty 6 L pots. Prior to application remove mulch and dead vegetation, and moisten the soil surface. Apply the Apparent Imidacloprid 200 SC Insecticide mixture, and then water it in well immediately after application.

Use as a soil drench by pouring mixture evenly around drip zone. Use this rate for plants up to 1 m high. For each additional metre of plant height, add 2 mL extra of Apparent Imidacloprid 200 SC Insecticide to the 2 L of water. Prior to application remove mulch and dead vegetation, and moisten the soil surface. Apply the Apparent Imidacloprid 200 SC Insecticide mixture, and then water it in well immediately after application.

**NOT TO BE USED FOR ANY PURPOSE, OR IN ANY MANNER, CONTRARY TO THIS LABEL UNLESS AUTHORISED UNDER APPROPRIATE LEGISLATION**

**WITHHOLDING PERIODS:**

- **Apples:** NOT REQUIRED WHEN USED AS DIRECTED
- **Cotton:** DO NOT HARVEST FOR 13 WEEKS AFTER APPLICATION
  DO NOT GRAZE OR CUT FOR STOCK FOOD
- **Cucurbits:** DO NOT HARVEST FOR 1 DAY AFTER APPLICATION
- **Tomatoes:** DO NOT HARVEST FOR 3 DAYS AFTER APPLICATION
- **Brassicas, Capsicum, Eggplant, Potatoes, Sweet Potatoes:** DO NOT HARVEST FOR 7 DAYS AFTER APPLICATION
- **Stone Fruit:** DO NOT HARVEST FOR 21 DAYS AFTER APPLICATION
  DO NOT GRAZE ANY TREATED AREA, OR CUT FOR STOCK FOOD.
  DO NOT FEED PRODUCE HARVESTED FROM TREATED AREA TO ANIMALS, INCLUDING POULTRY.
GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

INSECTICIDE RESISTANCE WARNING

GROUP 4A INSECTICIDE

For insecticide resistance management, Apparent Imidacloprid 200 SC Insecticide is a Group 4A insecticide. Some naturally occurring insect biotypes resistant to Apparent Imidacloprid 200 SC Insecticide and other Group 4A insecticides may exist through normal genetic variability in any insect population. The resistant individuals can eventually dominate the insect population if Apparent Imidacloprid 200 SC Insecticide or other Group 4A insecticides are used repeatedly. The effectiveness of Apparent Imidacloprid 200 SC Insecticide on resistant individuals could be significantly reduced. Since occurrence of resistant individuals is difficult to detect prior to use, Apparent Pty Ltd accepts no liability for any losses that may result from the failure of Apparent Imidacloprid 200 SC Insecticide to control resistant insects. Apparent Imidacloprid 200 SC Insecticide may be subject to specific resistance management strategies. For further information contact your local supplier, Apparent Pty Ltd representative or local agricultural department agronomist.

INSECT RESISTANCE MANAGEMENT STRATEGY

Insecticide (or other Group 4A insecticides) sprays in any 12 month period.

Perennials - Rotate with registered insecticides from other groups. Use a maximum of three Apparent Imidacloprid 200 SC Insecticide may be subject to specific resistance management strategies. For further information contact your local supplier, Apparent Pty Ltd representative or local agricultural department agronomist.

Cotton aphid in cotton

Observe the cotton industry Insecticide Resistance Management Strategy (IRMS).

Aphids, whitefly and melon thrips in various crops

DO NOT apply Apparent Imidacloprid 200 SC Insecticide (or other Group 4A insecticides) in consecutive sprays within and between seasons. Rotate with registered insecticides from other mode of action groups.

Confined Environments such as glasshouses

Annuals - Do not apply more than one spray of Apparent Imidacloprid 200 SC Insecticide (or other Group 4A insecticides) to any one crop.

Perennials - Rotate with registered insecticides from other groups. Use a maximum of three Apparent Imidacloprid 200 SC Insecticide (or other Group 4A insecticides) sprays in any 12 month period.

MIXING/APPLICATION

Prior to pouring, shake container vigorously, then add the required quantity of Apparent Imidacloprid 200 SC Insecticide to water in the spray vat while stirring or with agitators in motion.

Special Instructions for Stone Fruit

Dilute Spraying (Stone Fruit)

- Use a sprayer designed to apply high volumes of water up to the point of run-off and matched to the crop being sprayed.
- Set up and operate the sprayer to achieve even coverage throughout the crop canopy. Apply sufficient water to cover the crop to the point of run-off. Avoid excessive run-off.
- The required water volume may be determined by applying different test volumes, using different settings on the sprayer, from industry guidelines or expert advice.
- Add the amount of product specified in the Directions for Use table for each 100 L of water. Spray to the point of run-off.
- The required dilute spray volume will change and the sprayer set up and operation may also need to be changed, as the crop grows.

Concentrate Spraying (Stone Fruit)

- Use a sprayer designed and set up for concentrate spraying (that is a sprayer which applies water volumes less than those required to reach the point of run-off) and matched to the crop being sprayed.
- Set up and operate the sprayer to achieve even coverage throughout the crop canopy using your chosen water volume.
- Determine the appropriate dilute spray volume (See Dilute Spraying above) for the crop canopy. This is needed to calculate the concentrate mixing rate.
- The mixing rate for concentrate spraying can then be calculated in the following way:

Example Only

1. Dilute spray volume as determined above: For example 1,500 L/ha.
2. Your chosen spray volume: For example 500 L/ha.
3. The concentrate factor in this example is: 3 x (i.e. 1,500 L ÷ 500 L = 3).
4. If the dilute label rate is 10 mL/100 L, then the concentrate rate becomes 3 x 10, that is 30 mL/100 L of concentrate spraying.

The chosen spray volume, amount of product per 100 L of water, and the sprayer set up and operation may need to be changed as the crop grows.

Do not use a concentrate rate higher than that specified in the Critical Comments.

For further information on concentrate spraying, users are advised to consult relevant industry guidelines, undertake appropriate competency training and follow industry Best Practices.

APPLICATION (Cotton)

Thorough coverage of cotton plants is essential to achieve maximum performance from Apparent Imidacloprid 200 SC Insecticide plus Gulf Ag Penetra Penetrant. Equipment should be calibrated to achieve a minimum of 60 droplets/cm² on the target foliage. A droplet Volume Median Diameter (VMD) for optimum performance from Apparent Imidacloprid 200 SC Insecticide plus Penetra is dependent on equipment and is defined below. Do not apply when unfavorable environmental conditions may reduce the quality of spray coverage.

Ground Application (Cotton)

Application using ground equipment should be made using hollow cone nozzles with a minimum spray volume of 100 L/ha. Hollow cone nozzles are recommended but if flat fan nozzles are used, higher water volumes will be required and nozzles should be configured to ensure thorough coverage. A droplet VMD of 150 - 180 microns must be used. Where multiple nozzles per row are used, they should be of the same specification to ensure that each nozzle contributes an equal proportion of the required dose. Where multiple nozzles per row are used (particularly for banded application) ensure the correct nozzle overlap pattern is achieved on the target foliage. Banded applications less than 100% are not recommended beyond the 15 node crop stage.

Aerial Application (Cotton)

Apply in a minimum spray volume of 25 L/ha. A droplet VMD of 120 - 150 microns must be used. Do not exaggerate swath width or exceed a swath of 20 to 22 m. Do not apply Apparent Imidacloprid 200 SC Insecticide plus Penetra using Ultra Low Volume (ULV) methods. The use of large droplet placement equipment is not recommended.

EXPORT OF TREATED PRODUCE

Growers should note that MRLs or import tolerances do not exist in all markets for edible produce treated with Apparent Imidacloprid 200 SC Insecticide. If you are growing produce for export, please check with Apparent Pty Ltd for the latest information on MRLs and import tolerances before using Apparent Imidacloprid 200 SC Insecticide.

NOTE ON ORNAMENTALS

Apparent Imidacloprid 200 SC Insecticide has been used on a wide range of ornamental plant species without damage. However, some species and varieties are particularly sensitive to chemical sprays and as this is often related to local conditions it is advisable to treat only a small number of plants first, in order to ascertain their reaction before treating the whole crop.

COMPATIBILITY

Apparent Imidacloprid 200 SC Insecticide is compatible with propineb, bitertanol or methamidophos. Do not mix concentrates together but add each to the spray tank separately, as formulations of other manufacturers’ products are beyond the control of Apparent Pty Ltd, all mixtures should be tested prior to mixing commercial quantities. As changes in climatic conditions can alter the sensitivity of plants to mixtures of sprays, Apparent Pty Ltd cannot be responsible for the behaviour of such mixtures.
PROTECTION OF LIVESTOCK
Dangerous to bees. DO NOT spray any plants in flower while bees are foraging. DO NOT graze any treated area, or cut for stock food. DO NOT feed produce harvested from treated area to poultry or livestock.

PROTECTION OF WILDLIFE, FISH, CRUSTACEANS AND ENVIRONMENT
DO NOT contaminate streams, rivers or waterways and drains with the chemical or used containers. A spray-drift minimization strategy should be employed at all times when aerially applying sprays. The strategy envisaged is exemplified by the cotton industry's Best Management Practices Manual.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL
Store in the closed, original container in a cool, well-ventilated area. Do not store for prolonged periods in direct sunlight. Triple rinse containers before disposal. Add rinsings to spray tank. Do not dispose of undiluted chemicals on site. If recycling, replace cap and return clean containers to recycler or designated collection point. If not recycling, break, crush, or puncture and deliver empty packaging to an approved waste management facility. If an approved waste management facility is not available, bury the empty packaging 500 mm below the surface in a disposal pit specifically marked and set up for this purpose clear of waterways, desirable vegetation and tree roots, in compliance with relevant Local, State or Territory government regulations. Do not burn empty containers or product.

SAFETY DIRECTIONS
Harmful if swallowed. May irritate the eyes and skin. Repeated exposure may cause allergic disorders. Avoid contact with eyes and skin. When preparing product for use, wear cotton overalls buttoned to the neck and wrist and a washable hat, elbow-length PVC gloves and goggles. Wash hands after use. After each day’s use, wash gloves, goggles and contaminated clothing.

FIRST AID
If poisoning occurs, contact a doctor or Poisons Information Centre. Phone Australia: 131126.

MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET
Additional information is listed in the Material Safety Data Sheet which can be obtained from your supplier.

CONDITIONS OF SALE
The use of Apparent Imidacloprid 200 SC Insecticide being beyond the control of the manufacturer no warranty expressed or implied is given by Apparent Pty Ltd regarding its suitability, fitness or efficiency for any purpose for which it is used by the buyer, whether in accordance with the directions or not and Apparent Pty Ltd accepts with no responsibility for any consequences whatsoever resulting from the use of this product.