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CAUTION

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN
READ SAFETY DIRECTIONS BEFORE OPENING OR USING





Concussion 540 K

HERBICIDE

ACTIVE CONSTITUENT: 540g/L GLYPHOSATE (present as the POTASSIUM SALT)

GROUP M HERBICIDE

Non-selective herbicide for the control of many annual and perennial weeds according to the Directions for Use IMPORTANT: Read this booklet before use.



AIRR APPARENT PTY LTD

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DIRECTIONS FOR USE

Restraints:

DO NOT disturb weeds by cultivation, sowing or grazing for six hours of daylight following treatment of annual weeds and seven days for perennial weeds to ensure herbicide absorption, unless specified otherwise in critical comments.

CONSERVATION TILLAGE

SITUATION	WEEDS	BOOM RATE Vol/ha
SOUTHERN AUSTRALIA	Barley Grass, Brome Grass, Volunteer cereals,	340-660mL pre-tillering
Prior to sowing a crop	Wild Oats	660-840mL post-tillering
or pasture with full	Annual Phalaris, Annual Ryegrass, Silvergrass,	660-840mL pre-tillering
soil disturbance with a	Winter Grass	840mL-1L post-tillering
cultivation or sowing with a tyned implement	Calomba Daisy, Capeweed, Doublegee / Spiny Emex,	340-660mL less than 8cm diam/height
	Fumitory, Volunteer Lupins, Volunteer Peas	660mL-1L greater than 8cm diam/height
	Amsinckia, Dock (seedling), Paterson's Curse,	660-840mL less than 12cm diameter
	Saffron Thistle, Scotch Thistle, Spear Thistle, Variegated Thistle, Wild Turnip	840mL-1L greater than 12cm diameter
	Perennial Phalaris, Skeleton Weed, Sorrel, Sub clover	1L
SOUTHERN AUSTRALIA To commence a fallow OR	Barley Grass, Canary Grass, Wild Oats, Volunteer cereals	660mL-1L
prior to planting a crop or pasture with an implement that gives minimal soil disturbance or prior to surface seeding of	Annual Ryegrass, Brome Grass, Capeweed, Hoary Cress, Paterson's Curse, Saffron Thistle, Scotch Thistle, Silvergrass, Soursob, Spear Thistle, Variegated Thistle, Wild Mustard, Wild Radish, Wild Turnip, Wintergrass	1-1.3L
pastures	Bathurst Burr, Bentgrass, Couch, Dock, Erodium, Flatweed, Kikuyu, Plantain, Paspalum, Perennial Phalaris, Sorrel, Sub. Clover, Yorkshire Fog	1.25-2L
	Poa Tussock	2-2.7L
Pasture Topping	Annual Ryegrass	300-680mL
	Barley Grass, Brome Grass, Capeweed, Silvergrass	200-300mL
	Calomba Daisy	300mL
Seedhead Suppression	Bentgrass	240-420mL

CRITICAL COMMENTS

Rate Selection: Use higher rates for advanced weed growth or when treating under cold/overcast conditions.

Cultivation or planting may proceed from 1 hour of daylight after application to seedling annual weeds if a satisfactory seedbed can be created for crop germination and seedling establishment.

Silvergrass: When treating dense infestations of Silvergrass, add Wetter TX and use water volumes of 70L/ha or more and small droplets to improve coverage.

Perennial weeds: Apparent Concussion 540 K Herbicide will provide seasonal control and reduction in plant numbers. Control of Skeleton Weed requires addition of full soil disturbance at planting.

In Tasmania, for perennial weeds use 1-2L/ha.

Rate Selection: Use the lower rate on young weeds; increase to the higher rate where grasses reach full tillering or where broadleaf weeds reach stem elongation or budding. Use higher rates in spring and under cold conditions. In Tasmania use 1-2L/ha with the higher rate for control of perennial weeds.

Pasture or Crop Establishment: D0 NOT sow into excessive trash. Excessive plant residues may be removed by grazing after treatment. Planting may proceed from 1 hour of daylight after application to seedling annual weeds if a satisfactory seedbed can be created for crop germination and seedling establishment.

Aerial (or Surface) Seeding: Delay seeding until trash level is reduced to allow for satisfactory placement of broadcast seed on the soil surface.

Bathurst Burr: For mature weeds use the higher rate.

Bentgrass: Use a rate of 1.7L/ha. Apply in late spring following initiation of seed head emergence. Follow-up with full disturbance with a tyned implement 10-21 days after spraying.

Couch: Use the higher rate on dense infestations. Apply sequential treatments during summer and autumn. Repeat applications will be required for full control. For improved control, use in conjunction with cultivation.

Dock. Flatweed: Use the maximum rate for full control.

Hoary Cress: Use at a rate of 1L/ha. Treat from late rosette to early flowering. Kikuyu, Paspalum: Use the low rate for suppression, the high rate for control. Silvergrass: When treating dense infestations of Silvergrass, add Wetter TX and use water volumes of 70L/ha or more and small droplets to improve coverage.

Soursob: Use at a rate of 1L/ha. Treat at tuber exhaustion.

Timing: Treat fresh re-growth (at least 14 days after heavy grazing) after the autumn break but before onset of heavy frosts. Sowing may start 14 days after spraying.

Remove livestock prior to application to allow even regrowth. Use lower rate if grasses are flowering and higher rate if at the milky dough stage.

Apply to Capeweed and Calomba Daisy at flowering. DO NOT add Wetter TX.

DO NOT apply to clover or medic crops intended for seed production.

Apply treatments late October to late November, before seedheads have emerged. Add Wetter TX.

Use higher rate where growth is excessive. Graze hard after spraying.

CONSERVATION TILLAGE - continue

CONSERVATION TILLAGE – continued				
SITUATION	WEEDS	BOOM RATE Vol/ha		
SOUTHERN AUSTRALIA NSW, ACT, VIC, TAS only For control/suppression prior to establishing crops or improved pasture species	Serrated Tussock	2.7-4.0L		
For the prevention of seedhead emergence and seed formation	Serrated Tussock	500-840mL		
NORTHERN AUSTRALIA	Paradoxa Grass. Volunteer cereals. Wild Oats	340-660mL		
In fallow or prior to planting a crop Cotton: Shielded Sprayers	African Turnip Weed, Black Pigweed, Boggabri Weed, Caltrop (Yellow Vine), Deadnettle, Mintweed, Milk (Sow) Thistle, Stinkgrass (Lovegrass), Sweet Summer Grass, Variegated Thistle, Volunteer Sorghum Annual Ground Cherry, Barnyard Grass, Bathurst Burr, Bladder Ketmia, Button Grass, Camel (Afghan) Melon, Caustic Weed, Columbus Grass, Liverseed Grass, Mexican Poppy, Native Millet, New Zealand Spinach, Noogoora Burr, Pigweed (up to 25cm), Spear Thistle, Stinking Goosefoot, Thornapple (Datura), Turnip Weed, Wild/Prickly Lettuce, Wireweed Prickly Paddy Melon Climbing Buckwheat (less than 12 leaves), Couch, Johnson Grass	500-660mL up to 5 true leaves of 3cm in dia/height 660mL-1.35L greater than 5 true leaves of 3cm in dia/height 660mL-1.35L 660mL-1.35L 640mL-1.3L plus 80mL Garlon* 600 1.3-2L 2L followed by 2L		
SUGAR CANE	Annual and perennial grasses and broadleaf weeds	1.2-5L		
Inter-row spraying				
SUGAR CANE Ratoon sprayout QLD, NSW only	Sugar cane ratoon regrowth	4-6L		
Sorghum control	Grain Sorghum (pre-harvest)	1-1.35L		
	Grain Sorghum (post-harvest)	660mL-1.35L		

CRITICAL COMMENTS

Apply to actively growing and stress free plants. Best results May to October. **Application:** Boom spray volume of 70L/ha or more is recommended to improve plant coverage. Also see **Aerial Equipment**.

Surfactants: Addition of 200mL of Wetter TX to 100L of spraying solution may improve control of Serrated tussock.

Site Preparation: Burning of Serrated tussock 10-12 months before spraying or slashing/heavy grazing (cell grazing) 2 weeks before spraying is essential for good results. (Note: Serrated tussock is almost indigestible and prolonged exposure can lead to starvation and death of stock).

Rates: Use lower rate on Serrated tussock regrowth after burning (no residual dead foliage. Use higher rate on Serrated tussock that has been slashed or grazed (may contain some residual dead foliage).

Apply to actively growing and stress free plants. Best results obtained during mid-September - mid-October.

Apply prior to any seedhead emergence. Also see **Aerial Equipment. Surfactants:** Addition of 200mL of Wetter TX to 100L of spraying solution may improve results.

Rates: The lower rates will be less damaging to desirable pasture species.

If seed-head emergence is imminent then higher rates will give better results.

Rate Selection: Use the lower rates on young weeds and increase to the higher rates where weeds are dense or well developed. Dense infestations of some weeds eg. Barnyard Grass, Liverseed (Urochloa) Grass may need follow- up treatments for complete control.
Tank Mixtures: Read and follow all label directions, restraints, plant-back periods, withholding periods, regional use restrictions and safety directions for the tank mix products. Tank mixes with atrazine may give unacceptable knockdown control of certain weeds. Do NOT apply the tank-mix for control of Barnyard Grass, Liverseed Grass or Milk Thistle. Ammonium sulphate may enhance knockdown weed control where tank mixtures of atrazine are used. Shielded Sprayers: Apply Apparent Concussion 540 K Herbicide to weeds growing between crop rows using a shielded sprayer.

DO NOT apply in cotton less than 20cm high.

DO NOT allow spray or spray drift to contact any part of the cotton plant as severe injury may result.

Pasture or Crop Establishment: DO NOT sow into excessive trash. Excessive plant residues may be removed by grazing after treatment. Planting may proceed from 1 hour of sunlight after application to seedling annual weeds if a satisfactory seedbed can be created for crop germination and seedling establishment.

DO NOT add crop oil.

Use the higher rate on plants at the flowering/seedhead stage. For Johnson Grass apply to plants with a minimum of 30cm new growth. For long term control of Couch and Johnson Grass, repeat applications will be required.

Make first application to actively growing plants when majority of plants have reached at least the 6-8 leaf stage but preferably later. Allow for maximum re-emergence before re-treating.

Apply to weeds growing between crop rows using a ground based hooded and shielded sprayer. Apply at early growth stage of crop, before formation of the cane. Apply no more than 3 applications, to maximum of 12L/ha per crop.

DO NOT allow spray or spray drift to contact any part of the crop as severe injury may result.

Apply under good growing conditions to actively growing ratoons 60-120cm tall. DO NOT apply if plants are under stress from waterlogging or low moisture. Use the lower rate for suppression or where cultivation is to follow. Use the higher rate for control.

DO NOT apply if crop is under stress from low moisture, frost, cold or waterlogging. Apply when grain moisture is less than 25%. Use the higher rate where the crop has produced significant number of late tillers or where following crops will be established without further treatment.

DO NOT apply to crops intended for seed production. Treatment may increase potential for crop lodging.

Slashed/Grazed stubble: Apply when fresh regrowth is at least 20cm high. Use the higher rate on standing stubble or where regrowth from slashed sorghum has advanced beyond 50cm in height.

CONSERVATION TILLAGE - continu

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CRITICAL COMMENTS

Treatments may be applied alone or in tank mixtures with Dropp* or Harvade*. Apply when at least 60% of bolls are open. When tank mixed with defoliants, a slightly higher proportion of cotton leaf may be retained, particularly where the higher rate is used and the conditions are unfavourable for defoliation.

Use lower rate if Ryegrass is flowering and higher rate if Ryegrass is at milky dough stage.

Application should be made at or after crop maturity.

Application before this time may significantly reduce yields (in practice losses in excess of 25% can occur).

Apply when average seed moisture content is below 30%. For Faba Beans, this is indicated by pods going black, and for Field Peas by the pods going yellow. DO NOT harvest within 7 days after application.

DO NOT use on crops intended for seed or sprouting.

Apply to mature crop from late dough (28% moisture) onwards. The higher rate will be required when crops are heavy and leaf shading effects may occur.

DO NOT harvest within 7 days after application.

DO NOT use on crops intended for seed or sprouting.

Where wheat is grown in rotation with any herbicide tolerant crop, management should be consistent with implementation of any management plan for herbicide tolerant crops.

Apply with boom or by air. Use higher rates where crops or weeds are dense and where faster desiccation is required.

Application should be made at or after crop maturity.

Chickpeas and Lentils: Apply when physiologically mature and less than 15% green pods.

Soybeans: Apply only after seed pods have lost all green colour and 80-90% of leaves have dropped.

Mung Beans/Adzuki and Cowpea: Apply to mature crops when pods are brown/black.

Field Peas: Apply when seeds turn yellow and average seed moisture is below 30%.

Faba Beans: Apply when pods turn black and average seed molature is below 30%.

rana beans: Apply when pous turn black and average seed content is below 50%.

DO NOT harvest within 7 days of application.

Speed of crop desiccation is dependent on crop stage, growing conditions and weather conditions during and after application.

Apply by boom or by air. Apply when chickpeas are physiologically mature and less than 15% of green pods are present. Use higher rates where crops or weeds are dense and where faster desiccation is required.

DO NOT harvest within 7 days of application.

Speed of crop desiccation is dependent on crop stage, growing conditions and weather conditions during and after application.

SITUATION

FORESTS

GENERAL WEED CONTROL

For general weed control in Domestic areas (Home gardens), Commercial, Industrial and Public Service areas. Agricultural buildings and other farm situations.

For specific weeds refer to the appropriate Weeds Controlled table

AGRICULTURAL ARFAS

DRY DRAINS and CHANNELS ONLY

NON-AGRICULTURAL AREAS

Around buildings, Commercial and Industrial areas, Domestic and public service areas, rights-of-way,

use on dry drains and channels only (see Situations critical comments above).

TREE AND VINE CROPS

Avocado, Banana, Blueberries, Citrus fruit, Custard apples, Duboisia, Figs - dessert, Guava, Hops, Kiwifruit, Litchi, Mango, Monstera fruit, Nuts (including almond, pecan, macadamia, pistachio and walnut), Olives, Pawpaw. Persimmons. Pome fruit. Raspberries, Stone fruit, Tea, Vineyards.

SITUATION RATE ANNUAL WEEDS Boom: 1.35-21/ha Amaranth, Barley Grass, Barnyard Grass, Bathurst Burr, Brome Grass, Caltrop, Canary Grass, Handgun: 330-480mL per 100L Capeweed, Chickweed, Cobbler's Pegs, Deadnettle, Doublegee, Fumitory, Ground Cherry, Knapsack: 50-70mL per 15L Hedge Mustard, Lesser Swinecress, Liverseed Grass, Mintweed, Noogoora Burr, Paradoxa Grass, Paterson's Curse, Pigweed, Potato weed, Ryegrass, Saffron Thistle, Silvergrass, Sow Thistle, Spear Thistle, Spiny Burrgrass, Spurge, Sub. Clover, Thornapple, Variegated Thistle, Volunteer Cereals, Wild Mustard, Wild Oats, Wild Turnip, Winter Grass PERENNIAL WEEDS Boom: 2-41 /ha Artichoke Thistle, African Lovegrass, Bent Grass, Carpet Grass, Cocksfoot, Flatweed. Handgun: 470-660mL per 100L Johnson Grass, Kangaroo Grass, Kikuvu, Nutgrass (Cyperus rotundus), Paspalum, Phalaris, Knapsack: 70-100mL per 15L Plantains, Poa Tussock, Prairie Grass, Qld Blue Grass, Red-leg Grass, Rhodes Grass, Rope Twitch, Sorrel, Soursob, Yorkshire Fog Grass Blady Grass, Bracken, Couch, Guinea Grass, *Paragrass, Silverleaf Nightshade. *Water Boom: 61 /ha Handgun: 870mL-1.35L per 100L

CRITICAL COMMENTS

Read Application Checklist before using

See Annual, Perennial and Woody weeds sections below for most appropriate rate.

For the control of many grasses and broadleaf weeds, Rate: 7.0mL per litre of water.

Apply when weeds are actively growing.

Apply to ensure complete and uniform wetting of foliage. Visible symptoms may take from 3 to 7 days to develop.

Apparent Concussion 540 K Herbicide may be used for control of annual and perennial and woody weeds as directed, in agricultural land prior to sowing of any edible or non-edible crop, but not prior to transplanting tomato seedlings. DO NOT apply to weeds growing in or over water.

DO NOT spray across open bodies of water, and do not allow spray to enter the water. DO NOT allow water to return to dry channels and drains within 4 days of application. This product may be used prior to establishment of nurseries, for site preparation prior to planting and amongst established trees

using a directed or shielded spray, or using selective wiper equipment.

DO NOT allow wiper surface to contact any part of the tree.

DO NOT allow spray or spray drift to contact foliage or green bark of desirable trees, since severe injury may result.

Apparent Concussion 540 K Herbicide does not provide residual weed control. For residual weed control, Apparent Concussion 540

K Herbicide may be tank-mixed with certain residual herbicides. Refer to Tank Mixtures/Compatibility. Apply as directed or shielded spray or using wiper equipment.

DO NOT apply as a spray near trees or vines less than 3 years old unless they are effectively shielded from spray and spray drift.

DO NOT allow wiper surface to contact any part of the tree, vine or palm. Citrus fruit, Litchi, Nuts, Olives and Pome fruit & Vineyards: DO NOT allow spray or spray drift to contact green bark or

stems, canes, laterals, suckers, fresh wounds, foliage or fruit.

Hops: Apply in winter, prior to crop emerging from dormancy.

Tea: Apply a maximum 2.7L/ha by shielded boom or directed off-centre nozzle or 340mL/100L by directed handqun or knapsack to avoid application to the crop.

All other crops: DO NOT allow spray or spray drift to contact any part of the plant including the trunk.

Caution: Where split bark on Kiwifruit and greens stems on Pawpaw occur, extreme care is required.

CRITICAL COMMENTS Apply to weeds whenever they are not subject to stress due to drought or frost. Use higher rate on weeds over 15cm in height or

Knapsack: 130-200mL per 15L

diameter or where dense weed cover limits spray coverage. Use higher spot spraying rate when applying less than 5L spray per 100spm. Apparent Concussion 540 K Herbicide does not provide residual weed control. Repeat treatments may be necessary to control later germinating weeds. For residual control of annual weeds, Apparent Concussion 540 K Herbicide may be tank-mixed with certain residual herbicides.

See Tank Mixtures in the General Instructions for directions. DO NOT use an atrazine tank-mix for control of Barnyard Grass or Liverseed Grass

Control of established perennials is best obtained when plants are at the seedhead stage.

In general best control of winter growing perennials is obtained with application during winter-spring

Best control of summer growing perennials is obtained with application late summer and autumn. For Nutgrass in cultivated situations apply sequential low rate treatments when Nutgrass has a minimum of 6-8 leaves. Use higher rate in uncultivated situations. For Rhodes Grass, Rope Twitch, Prairie Grass, Qld Blue Grass, Johnson Grass, Kangaroo Grass, Kikuyu, Red-leg Grass, Paspalum

and Sorrel, use the higher rate only. For Bracken add Pulse* at 200mL/100L spray mix.

Best control of Couch in WA and SA is obtained with spring treatment. Most effective control of couch in the Eastern states is

obtained with summer and autumn treatments

In cultivated situations use sequential treatments of 1.9-4.3L/ha for control. Use higher rate only for Silverleaf Nightshade

SITUATION	RATE
WOODY WEEDS	Handgun: 330- 660mL per 100L
Bamboo, Bitou Bush, Boneseed, Boxthorn, Crofton Weed, Gorse, Groundsel Bush, Lantana, Mistflower	Knapsack: 50-100mL per 15L
Blackberry, Chinese Shrub, <i>Eucalyptus</i> spp. (seedlings <2m), Hawthorn Bush, Pampas Grass, Sifton Bush, Sweet Briar, Willow (<2m)	Handgun: 660-870mL per 100L Knapsack: 100-140mL per 15L

NOT TO BE USED FOR ANY PURPOSE, OR IN ANY MANNER, CONTRARY TO THIS LABEL UNLESS AUTHORISED UNDER APPROPRIATE LEGISLATION

WITHHOLDING PERIODS:

WHEAT & LEGUMES: DO NOT HARVEST FOR 7 DAYS AFTER APPLICATION.

ALL OTHER USES: NOT REQUIRED WHEN USED AS DIRECTED.

GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

PRODUCT INFORMATION

Apparent Concussion 540 K Herbicide is a non-volatile, non-selective, water soluble liquid herbicide for the control of annual and perennial grasses and broadleaf weeds in a wide range of agricultural and non-agricultural use situations. Apparent Concussion 540 K Herbicide may be used for weed control on agricultural land prior to sowing any edible or non-edible crop, but not prior to transplanting tomato seedlings.

When applying this product prior to transplanting crops into plastic mulch, care much be taken to remove residues of this product from the plastic prior to transplanting. Residues can be removed by 2cm of natural rainfall or by applying water via a sprinkler irrigation system.

Apparent Concussion 540 K Herbicide is absorbed by plant foliage and green stems. It is inactivated immediately in the soil and does not provide residual weed control. This product moves through the plant from the point of contact to and into the root system. Initial visible effects on annual weeds take 3 to 7 days, but may not be noticeable for 2 to 3 weeks under cool cloudy conditions or on some perennial weeds.

RESISTANT WEEDS WARNING

GROUP | HERBICIDE

Apparent Concussion 540 K Herbicide is a member of the Glycines group of herbicides.

Apparent Concussion 540 K Herbicide has the inhibition of EPSP synthase mode of action. For weed resistance management,

CRITICAL COMMENTS

Apply to actively growing plants. D0 N0T apply to drought stressed plants. Further treatment may be necessary to restrict seedling re-establishment.

Bamboo: apply when foliage/regrowth is 1-2m tall, use the higher rate only.

Bitou Bush/Boneseed: apply higher rates on bushes >1.5m. Best results are achieved when treated at peak flower during winter.

Boxthorn: minimum rate is 470mL for handgun and 70mL for knapsack.

Groundsel bush: apply higher rate on bushes greater than 2m.

DO NOT apply in winter. Minimum rate is 510mL for handgun and 75mL for knapsack. **Gorse:** always add Pulse at 200mL/100L of spray mix, use higher rate only.

Lantana: use higher rate only. Addition of Pulse (200mL/100L) may improve control.

Boxthorn Gorse, Lantana: removal of bushes (after complete brownout), pasture improvement or further treatment are recommended to control seedlings and/or re-growth.

Apply to actively growing plants. Removal of bushes (after complete brownout), pasture improvement or further treatments are recommended to control seedlings and/or regrowth. **Blackberry:** apply from flowering to leaf fall, use higher rate on old dense infestations >2m high. In Tasmania. do not treat bushes bearing mature fruit.

Chinese Scrub: use higher rates on bushes >1m. *Eucalyptus* spp.: add Pulse at 200mL/100L of spray mix.

Hawthorn, apply from flowering to leaf fall, use higher rates on bushes greater than 2m. Pampas Grass: allow regrowth to reach 1m, best results apply after flowering.

Sifton bush: use higher rates on bushes greater than 1m.

Sweet Briar: apply from flowering to leaf fall, use 1-1.35L/100L, and 150-200mL/100L, use higher rates on bushes greater than 1.5m.

Apparent Concussion 540 K Herbicide is a Group M herbicide. Some naturally occurring weed biotypes resistant to Apparent Concussion 540 K Herbicide and other Group M herbicides may exist through normal genetic variability in any weed population. The resistant individuals can eventually dominate the weed population if these herbicides are used repeatedly. These resistant weeds will not be controlled by Apparent Concussion 540 K Herbicide or other Group M herbicides.

Since the occurrence of resistant weeds is difficult to detect prior to use, AIRR Apparent Pty Ltd accepts no liability for any losses that may result from the failure of Apparent Concussion 540 K Herbicide to control resistant weeds.

CROP ESTABLISHMENT

Apparent Concussion 540 K Herbicide is recommended for control of emerged weeds prior to crop establishment. Cultivation and/ or planting operations which provide conditions suitable for crop emergence and establishment are required following herbicide application. Where heavy weed growth is present or soil conditions are unsuitable, planting should be delayed to allow for decay of weeds and/or development of more favourable soil conditions for the formation of a suitable seedhed.

Incorporation of green or decaying vegetation may retard crop emergence under cold, wet conditions. Vegetation may be reduced by grazing and weed decay may be assisted by cultivation to leave trash on the surface.

MIXING

Apparent Concussion 540 K Herbicide mixes readily with water. Reduced results may occur if water is used containing; suspended clay or organic matter, eg. from dams, streams and irrigation channels, or high levels of calcium, magnesium or bicarbonate ions. Do NOT mix, store or apply this product in galvanised steel or unlined steel containers or spray tanks, since a highly flammable gas mixture may be formed. Use stainless steel, aluminium, brass, copper, fibredlass, plastic or plastic lined containers or spray tanks.

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Spray tanks, pumps, lines and nozzles should be thoroughly rinsed with clean water following application.

Ensure the sprayer is free of any residues of previous spray materials prior to mixing. Use spray solutions promptly as a gradual loss of activity may occur over a period of days following spray preparation.

MIXING INSTRUCTIONS

- 1. Fill the spray tank 1/3 to 1/2 full with clean water and start agitation.
- 2. Where ammonium sulphate is recommended, add Apparent AMS Herbicide Adjuvant at 2L/100L spray solution and mix thoroughly.
- Add recommended herbicide/insecticide/additive to the spray tank and mix thoroughly.
- Add Apparent Concussion 540 K Herbicide and the remaining water. Mix thoroughly.
- 5. Add surfactant, if required, near the end of the filling process to minimise foaming.
- Always maintain adequate agitation during application and use the tank mix promptly.
- Clean all equipment after use by washing thoroughly with clean water.

TANK MIXTURES

Apparent Concussion 540 K Herbicide may be tank-mixed with the following herbicides, insecticides and adjuvants. Read and follow all label directions, restraints, plantback periods and withholding periods, and safety directions for the tank-mix products. In multiple product tank mixes a minimum water volume of 50L/ha is recommended and local advice should be sought. Correct mixing order is important as is good in-tank aditation when application/spraying is occurring.

Herbicides: Apparent 2,4-D ester 680, Apparent Purge 450 IPA, Apparent Atrazine 900 WG, Apparent Pound 240 (carfentrazone), Apparent Sword 750 (chlorsulfuron), Apparent Dicamba 500/700, Apparent Blaze (imazapic), Apparent MCPA 570 LVE, Apparent Bow Saw 600 (metsulfuron-methyl), oryzalin/trifluralin, Apparent Oxyfluorfen 240, pendimethalin, Apparent Simazine 900 WG, Apparent Shatter 750 WG (sulfometuron-methyl), Apparent Bayonet 750 WG (triasulfuron), tri-allate, Apparent Axeman (triclopyr), tribenuron.

The addition of Apparent Oxyfluorfen 240 at 75mL/ha to recommended rates of Apparent Concussion 540 K Herbicide prior to planting winter cereals will improve the knockdown of certainweeds.

This product is compatible with the following insecticides: dimethoate, fenitrothion, phosmet, Apparent Matey 290 (omethoate), Apparent Dingo 500 (chlorpyrifos), fenitrothion ULV and emulsifiable concentrates of dimethoate and fenitrothion. Other insecticides have not been tested.

Adjuvants – Apparent Wetter 600 is recommended for the control of silvergrass and annual ryegrass in late winter and spring. Wetter 600 is not a general purpose surfactant and should only be used where recommended. Rate: 200mL/100L spray solution. Apparent Devour 1020 Penetrant is recommended for the control of bracken and many woody weeds. Rate: 200mL/100L spray solution.

Apparent AMS Herbicide Adjuvant (ammonium sulphate) may be used as an adjuvant to alleviate the adverse effects of high levels of calcium, magnesium or bicarbonate ions in water. Add Apparent AMS to water first at 2L/100L spray solution.

APPLICATION

Boom Equipment

For boom application, a spray volume of 80L/ha or less is recommended for optimum performance. Nozzles and pressure settings should be selected to deliver a MEDIUM or MEDIUM-COARSE size droplet at the target. The use of nozzle and/or pressure settings that produce VERY FINE or FINE droplets should be avoided as these are prone to loss or drift. In multiple product tank mixes a minimum water volume of 50L/ha is recommended and local advice should be sought. Correct mixing order is important as is good in-tank agitation when application is occurring. For shielded applications a spray volume of 80L/ha or less is recommended using nozzle types and pressure settings to deliver a COARSE size droplet at the target. Crop damage may result if spray drift occurs through incorrect nozzle and/or pressure selection, inadequate shielding and/or wind strength, high evaporation rates or excessive ground speed.

Wiper Equipment

Wiper Equipment (eg. ropewick, canvas, felt or carpet applicators) may be used to apply Apparent Concussion 540 K Herbicide. Avoid contact with desirable vegetation. Operate wiper equipment a minimum of 10cm above crop or pasture. Weeds should be

at least 15cm above the crop or pasture at time of application. Speed of travel should be no greater than 8km/hr. Best results are achieved at lower speeds and where two applications are made in opposite directions (double pass). Where weeds are of variable height, or occur in dense infestations or clumps, some plants may not be contacted by the herbicide solution. In these cases repeat treatment may be necessary.

Rate: Mix 700mL Apparent Concussion 540 K Herbicide with 2.3 litres of clean water. Adjust flow to suit equipment.

Aerial Equipment

Apparent Concussion 540 K Herbicide may be applied by aircraft for control of weeds in forests, cropland or pasture prior to establishment of crops, new pastures or new forest plantings and for pre-harvest application to sorghum and cotton crops up to a maximum rate of 2.7L/ha where specified by the label. DO NOT apply treatments by aircraft in situations where drift onto sensitive crops and pastures is likely to occur.

Apply treatments using boom or Micronair equipment using a spray volume of not less than 20L/ha and using settings to produce a MEDIUM-COARSE spray quality. Swath width should be set to take into account aircraft type, wind conditions and target height. Swath width will need to be reduced to avoid stripping under light wind conditions and/or application to tall, dense targets eg preharvest application treatments in heavy crop stubble. Thoroughly wash aircraft, especially landing gear, after each day of spraying to remove herbicide residues.

Application on Hilly Terrain

Increase water volume to 30-80L/ha and increase droplet size to a COARSE spray quality to optimise deposition of spray output onto weeds.

Air Temperature and Relative Humidity

DO NOT apply Apparent Concussion 540 K Herbicide by aircraft when temperature is above 30°C. Increase water volume to at least 30L/ha when temperature rises above 25°C. Avoid application when relative humidity falls below 35%.

AVOID DRIFT

DO NOT apply treatments with spraying equipment or under weather conditions which are likely to cause spray drift onto nearby susceptible crops, pastures or other sensitive plants. DO NOT apply treatments under light winds (less than 4km/hr) or inversion conditions or where wind speed exceeds 12km/hr.

APPLICATION CHECKLIST

- DO NOT treat weeds under poor growing conditions due to moisture stress, waterlogging, severe frosting, insect damage etc.
 Reduced performance may also occur where weeds are covered with dust or silt.
- . DO NOT add surfactants, adjuvants or other pesticides except as specifically directed on this label.
- Rainfall occurring within 1 hour of application which causes run-off may require re-treatment. Rainfastness is reduced if weeds
 are not actively growing, under stress or conditions of low light intensity/darkness. The addition of Wetter TX may improve
 rainfastness on winter annual weeds.
- A Withholding Period for grazing is not required. However, it is recommended that grazing of treated plants be delayed to ensure
 herbicide uptake. Certain plants such as Soursob, Variegated Thistle, Sorghum and Johnson Grass, may be naturally toxic to
 stock when eaten in large quantities under certain conditions. Where plants are known to be toxic, grazing should be delayed
 until complete browning of treated plants has occurred.
- Apply treatments to weeds that have at least one true leaf (broadleaf weeds) or two leaves (grasses) to provide an adequate surface area for herbicide uptake.
- If heavy grazing has occurred, allow regrowth to 6-8cm before spraying and use the higher rates recommended.

PROTECTION OF CROP, NATIVE AND OTHER NON-TARGET PLANTS

Avoid contact with foliage, green bark or stems, canes, laterals, suckers, fresh wounds, exposed non-woody roots, flowers or fruit of crops, desirable plants and trees, since severe injury or destruction may result.

DO NOT apply under weather conditions, or from spraying equipment, that may cause spray to drift onto nearby susceptible plants/crops, cropping lands or pastures.

PROTECTION OF WILDLIFE, FISH, CRUSTACEANS AND ENVIRONMENT

DO NOT contaminate dams, rivers or streams with the product or used container. DO NOT apply to weeds growing in or over water. DO NOT spray across open bodies of water.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Store in the closed, original container in a cool, well ventilated area. DO NOT store for prolonged periods in direct sunlight. Triple rinse containers before disposal. Add rinsings to spray tank. DO NOT dispose of undiluted chemicals on site. If recycling, replace cap and return clean containers to recycler or designated collection point. If not recycling, break, crush or puncture and deliver empty packaging to an approved waste management facility. If an approved waste management facility is not available, bury the empty packaging 500mm below the surface in a disposal pit specifically marked and set up for this purpose, clear of waterways, desirable vegetation and tree roots, in compliance with relevant local, state or territory government regulations. DO NOT burn empty containers or product.

Envirodrum Containers: Store in the original sealed Envirodrum in a cool, well-ventilated area. DO NOT store for prolonged periods in direct sunlight. DO NOT tamper with the Micro Matic valve or the security seal. DO NOT contaminate the drum with water or any water or any other foreign matter. After each use of the product, please ensure the Micro Matic coupler, delivery system and hoses are disconnected, triple rinsed with clean water and drained accordingly. When the contents of the drum have been used, please return the empty drum to the point of purchase. The drums remain the property of AIRR Apparent Pty Ltd.

Refillable Containers: Store in the closed original container in a cool, well-ventilated area. DO NOT store for prolonged periods in direct sunlight. Storage must be secure so that contents cannot be tampered with. All locks and/or seals must be in order. If locks or seals are broken prior to initial use then the integrity of this product cannot be assured. If this occurs AIRR Apparent Pty Ltd should be notified immediately. This minibulk/bulk container is reusable and remains the property of AIRR Apparent Pty Ltd. DO NOT rinse empty container. Empty contents fully into application equipment. Close all valves and return to the point of supply for refill or storage. No other liquid, solid or pesticide product should be put into it. When empty return to AIRR Apparent Pty Ltd for cleaning, relabelling and refilling.

SAFETY DIRECTIONS

Will irritate the eyes. May irritate the nose and throat. Repeated exposure may cause allergic disorders. Avoid contact with eyes and skin. When opening the container, preparing spray and using the prepared spray, wear cotton overalls buttoned to the neck and wrist or equivalent clothing, elbow-length PVC or nitrile gloves and face shield or goggles. If product in eyes, wash it out immediately with water. Wash hands after use. After each day's use, wash gloves, face shield or goggles and contaminated clothing.

FIRST AID

If poisoning occurs, contact a doctor or Poisons Information Centre, Phone Australia 131126; New Zealand 0800 764 766.

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Additional information is listed in the safety data sheet (SDS). A safety data sheet for Apparent Concussion 540 K Herbicide is available from AIRR Apparent Pty Ltd on request.

CONDITIONS OF SALE

AIRR Apparent Pty Ltd shall not be liable for any loss injury damage or death whether consequential or otherwise whatsoever or howsoever arising whether through negligence or otherwise in connection with the sale supply use or application of this product. The supply of this product is on the express condition that the purchaser does not rely on AIRR Apparent's skill or judgment in purchasing or using the same and every person dealing with this product does so at his own risk absolutely. No representative of AIRR Apparent Pty Ltd has any authority to add to or alter these conditions.

* Other trademarks

Additional statements required by Globally Harmonised System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals (GHS) and Safe Work Australia: Causes serious eye damage. Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Precautionary: Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/eye protection/ face protection. Avoid release to the environment. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTRE or a doctor. Collect spillage. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/ regional/national regulations.