# **CAUTION**

**KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN** READ SAFETY DIRECTIONS BEFORE OPENING OR USING



# Phosphite 600

# SYSTEMIC FUNGICIDE

ACTIVE CONSTITUENT: 600 g/L PHOSPHOROUS (PHOSPHONIC) ACID PRESENT AS MONO (AND) DI POTASSIUM PHOSPHITE

GROUP 33 FUNGICIDE

Effective against Phytophthora diseases and Downy Mildew in various situations as per Directions for Use Table.

IMPORTANT: Read the attached booklet before use.









**LITRES** 

CONTENTS

APPARENT PTY LTD A.C.N. 143 724 136



Restraint: DO NOT apply this product at volumes which cause excessive run of

TREE AND VINE CROPS

|                          |   |                               | METHOD       |   |   |
|--------------------------|---|-------------------------------|--------------|---|---|
| AVOCADO                  | Phytophthora Root Rot<br>(Phytophthora cinnamom)  | QLD, NSW, SA,<br>VIC, WA, ACT | Injection    | Trunk Injection, Skeletal trees: 1st year 5 mL undiluted product per metre of canopy diameter. Other situations: 2.5 mL product diluted with 7.5 mL water per metre of canopy diameter. | Inject trees at spring flush maturity - Repeat treatment in February or March. Drill holes 5 mm in diameter and 25 – 50 mm deep with slight downward angle in trunk. Syringes should be placed in the main trunk of the tree and spaced evenly around the circumference of the trunk. Suitable for use with Chemjet tree injectors, Ag-murf gun or hydraulic tree injection. Do not prune trees back before injection process as burning of new growth may occur. Do not inject trees in winter months. Do not cut back the canopy of injected trees. Do not add anything other than water to Apparent Phosphile 600 for trunk injection. DO not inject more liquid in a lesser number of syringes than directed.   |
|                          |   |                               | Foliar Spray | 3.3 – 4 L/ha  | Solution concentrate: 165 - 200 mL/100 L. Amount per unit: Spray to run off - 7.5 to 10 L per adult tree.  1. Curative: Apply every 3 weeks until disease is under control.  2. Preventative: Apply every 5 - 6 weeks.  |
| YOUNG OR<br>SMALL CITRUS | Phytophthora Root Rot ( <i>P. nicotianae</i> ), and Collar Rot ( <i>P. citrophthora</i> ) | All states                    | Foliar spray | 170 - 330 mL/ 100 L<br>to leaf wetness (by boom or similar high<br>volume sprayer)  | Two applications: Late winter prior to flowering.  2nd Application: Autumn applied to mature fruit.  Repeat applications annually to maintain protection for the plant. Depending on condition at time of application use a non-ionic wetting agent in conjunction with Apparent Phosphite 600.   |
| MATURE CITRUS            |   | All states                    | Foliar spray | 13.3 L/ha in 3000 - 4000 L of water.<br>53 mL/12 L per tree.<br>8.3 L/ha in 2000 - 5000 L of water.<br>33 mL/12 L per tree  | WHERE DISEASE INCIDENCE IS HIGH OR WELL ESTABLISHED.  For effective control, apply as a protectant before above ground symptoms of decline and collar rot become evident, spray trees for even coverage. Do not apply under high temperatures (above 35°C) particularly if humidity is low, or to moisture stressed trees.  LOW PHYTOPHTHORA PRESSURE, WELL DRAINED SOIL  Removal of fruit from affected plants will enhance recovery. WARNING, Soft skin citrus trees may develop leaf burn and growth retardation following foliar application or soil drench of Potassium Phosphonate at rates recommended for established trees.  WARNING:  1. Foliar application to fruit may cause damage to fruit.  2. Soft skinned citrus trees may develop leaf burn and growth retardation following foliar application or soil drench.  Before applying this product for the first time, a small test area should be sprayed and observed for at least 1 week. |
| GRAPES                   | Downy Mildew ( <i>Plasmopara</i> viticola)  | All States                    | Foliar spray | 2 L/ha early season, small canopies<br>2.7 - 4 L/ha Mid-late season, large canopies   | It is essential that the rate of Apparent Phosphite 600 is adjusted to the vine-row volume (i.e. the volume of vine foliage per hectare). An application volume of 500 L/ha is suggested at the start of the season, increasing to 2000 L/ha in a vigorous crop at full canopy. Spray timing is critical. For best results apply Apparent Phosphite 600 as a tank mix with protectant fungicides such as Manoczeb/Dithane, Copper Oxychloride etc, to ensure both pre- and post-infection activity. Apparent Phosphite 600 should be applied at times of high disease risk, especially between the time that conditions are conducive to Downy Mildew infection and the appearance of oil spots. Ensure spray coverage is adequate and that the appropriate rate of Apparent Phosphite 600 is applied to match vine growth, particularly from mid-season onwards and especially where grapes are grown on root stock.                                     |

| NUN TREE AND VINE CRUPS |   |                    |                     |                             |   |  |  |  |  |  |
|-------------------------|---|--------------------|---------------------|-----------------------------|---|--|--|--|--|--|
| CROP                    | DISEASE   | STATE              | TREATMENT<br>METHOD | RATE                        | CRITICAL COMMENTS   |  |  |  |  |  |
| CUCURBITS               | Downy Mildew  | All States         | Foliar spray        | 3 L /ha in min 800 - 1000 L | Use weekly spray intervals when conditions favour disease development. To avoid phytotoxicity with some plant species, it is  |  |  |  |  |  |
|                         | (Pseudoperonospora cubensis)                                  |                    |                     | of water                    | recommended that the product be tested on a few plants of each species prior to the main application.                         |  |  |  |  |  |
| ORNAMENTALS             | Phytophthora Root and Crown rot                               | Qld, NSW, Vic, WA, | Foliar spray        | Knapsack/Boom               | Apply at 4 - 6 weekly intervals when conditions favour disease development. To avoid phytotoxicity with some plant species it |  |  |  |  |  |
|                         | (Phytophthora spp)  | TAS, NT, ACT       |                     | 170 mL/ 100L                | is recommended that the product be tested on a few plants of each species prior to the main application.                      |  |  |  |  |  |
|                         |   |                    |                     | Air Blast                   | DO NOT apply when ornamental plants are dormant or stressed.  |  |  |  |  |  |
|                         |   |                    |                     | 330 mL/100 L                | DO NOT apply to ornamental plants under extremes of temperature.  |  |  |  |  |  |
| PINEAPPLES              | Phytophthora Root (Phytophthora cinnamomi) and                | Qld, WA            | Foliar spray        | 4 L/ha                      | Apply to tops, two (2) weeks prior to harvest of planting material.   |  |  |  |  |  |
|                         | Heart Rot (Phytophthora parasitica)                           |                    |                     | 1:200 - 1:500 water         |   |  |  |  |  |  |
| SUBTERRANEAN            | SUBTERRANEAN Phytophthora Root Rot (Phytophthora clandestina) |                    | Foliar spray        | 500 mL/ha approx. 200 L     | Apply 8 to 9 days after first irrigation but before second irrigation. Apply in Autumn when Subterranean Clover is at the     |  |  |  |  |  |
| CLOVER                  |   | TAS,ACT            |                     | water/ha                    | cotyledon to unifoliate leaf growth stage.  |  |  |  |  |  |

Subterranean Clover: DO NOT GRAZE OR CUT FOR STOCKFEED FOR 14 DAYS AFTER APPLICATION.

Citrus, Cucurbits, Avocado, Grapes, Pineapples: NOT REQUIRED WHEN USED AS DIRECTED.

### **GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS**

For effective disease control a good leaf cover must be achieved before a widespread disease

### CONDITIONS CONDUCIVE TO DOWNY MILDEW INFECTION

PRIMARY INFECTION - overnight conditions of

Temperature 24 hrs

Leaf Wetness 3 - 4 hrs at end of a 24 hr period. 2) SECONDARY INFECTION - Overnight conditions of:

Temperature

24 hrs

Leaf Wetness

O AVOID RESISTANT STRAINS OF DOWNY MILDEW DEVELOPING, APPARENT PHOSPHITE 600 SHOULD BE APPLIED AS CLOSE AS POSSIBLE TO THE DAY OF INFECTION AND ALTERNATED WITH SYSTEMIC FLINGICIDES

## GROUP 33 HERBICIDE

Some naturally occurring individual fungi resistant to Apparent Phosphite 600 Systemic Fungicide and other Group 33 fungicides may exist through normal genetic variability in any fungal population. The resistant individuals can eventually dominate the fungal population if

Phosphite 600 Systemic Fungicide, and other Group 33 fungicides, thus resulting in a reduction tree roots. Empty containers and product should not be burnt.

Since the occurrence of resistant fungi is difficult to detect prior to use, Apparent Pty Ltd accepts no liability for any losses that may result from the failure of Apparent Phosphite 600 Systemic Fungicide to control resistant fungi-

Half fill spray vat and with agitation system running, add the required amount of product.

mildew fungicides. Most foliage nutrients are also compatible. When using in conjunction with 'EC's' always form emulsion with water prior to adding Apparent Phosphite 600

### PROTECTION OF WILDLIFE, FISH, CRUSTACEANS AND ENVIRONMENT

This product is harmful to fish, DO NOT contaminate streams, rivers or waterways with the

periods in direct sunlight. Spillage should not be directed to drains but absorbed in sawdust and the absorbent material disposed of in a sealed container at an approved disposal site. Triple or preferably pressure rinse containers before disposal. Add rinsings to spray tank. Do not appropriate the preferably pressure rinse containers before disposal. Add rinsings to spray tank. Do not appropriate the preferably pressure rinse containers before disposal. Add rinsings to spray tank. Do not appropriate the preferably pressure rinse containers before disposal. Add rinsings to spray tank. Do not appropriate the preferably pressure rinse containers before disposal. Add rinsings to spray tank. Do not appropriate the preferably pressure rinse containers before disposal. Add rinsings to spray tank. Do not appropriate the preferably pressure rinse containers before disposal. Add rinsings to spray tank. Do not appropriate the preferably pressure resulting from the use of this dispose of undiluted chemicals on site. If not recycling, replace cap and return clean containers
68156/57644

For refillable containers: Empty contents fully into application equipment. Close all valves and return to collection point for refill or storage. authority landfill. If no landfill is available, bury containers below 500 mm in a disposal pit

If not recycling break, crush or puncture containers and bury empty containers in a local

these fungicides are used repeatedly. These resistant fungi will not be controlled by Apparent specifically marked and set up for this purpose clear of waterways, desirable vegetation and

May irritate eyes and skin, Avoid contact with eyes and skin. Do not inhale spray mist, When preparing spray and using the prepared spray, wear cotton overalls buttoned to the neck and wrist, washable hat, elbow-length PVC gloves, goggles and disposable face mask. If clothing becomes contaminated with product or wet with spray, remove clothing immediately. If product on skin, immediately wash area with soap and water. If product in eyes, wash it out immediately with water. After use and before eating, drinking or smoking, wash hands, arms and face Compatible with Mancozeb, Copper Oxychloride, Bayleton, Tilt, and most common powdery thoroughly with soap and water. After each day's use, wash gloves, goggles and contaminate clothing. Wash hands after use.

If poisoning occurs, contact a Doctor or Poisons Information Centre, Phone Australia 13 11 26 SAFETY DATA SHEET

Additional information is listed in the Safety Data Sheet which is available from the supplied

suitability, fitness or efficiency for any purpose for which it is us

accordance with the directions or not and Apparent Pty Ltd acd

Date of Manufacture:

Scan OR code to

view booklet on mobile device