SAFETY DATA SHEET

SECTION 1 IDENTIFICATION OF THE MATERIAL AND SUPPLIER

Product Name: Apparent Propiconazole 250 EC Fungicide

Other Names: Propiconazole, Group 3 Fungicide.

Use: A liquid broad spectrum agricultural fungicide.

Company: Apparent Pty Ltd.

Address: Suite G.08, 762 Toorak Rd, Glen Iris, Vic 3146.

PO Box 3092, Cotham PO, Kew, Vic 3101

ACN/ABN: 143 724 136 **Telephone Number:** 03 9822 13216

Email: enquiries@apparentag.com.au

Emergency Contact: 0411 227 338

SECTION 2

HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Classified as hazardous according to criteria of Safe Work Australia. Not classified as a Dangerous Good according to the ADG Code. Combustible Liquid (C1).

Globally Harmonised System (GHS) classification of the substance/mixture:

Flammable liquids – Hazard Category 4. Acute toxicity – Oral: Hazard Category 4. Aspiration hazard: Hazard Category 1. Sensitisation: Hazard Category 1, 1A, 1B.

Hazardous to the aquatic environment - long term (Chronic) hazard- Hazard Category 1.

Signal Word: DANGER.

Hazard statements:

H225 Combustible liquid.H302 Harmful if swallowed.

H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.

H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long-lasting effects.

AUH066 Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness and cracking.

Precautionary Statements:

Prevention:

P210 Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces: — No smoking.

P261 Avoid breathing mist, vapours or spray.

P264 Wash hands, arms and face thoroughly after handling.P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

P272 Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.
P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

P281 Use personal protective equipment as required.

P273 Avoid release to the environment.

Response:

P301 + P310 IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician. P301 + P312 IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if feel unwell.

P302 + P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water.

P321 Specific treatment (see Safety Directions on product label).

P330 Rinse mouth.

P331 Do NOT induce vomiting.

Issued May 2019 Page 1 of 6

SECTION 2 HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION (Continued)

Response: (Continued)

P333 + P313 If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention.
P362 + P364 Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse.

P370 + P378 In case of fire: Use foam blanket, carbon dioxide or dry agent for extinction.

P391 Collect spillage.

Storage

P403 Store in a well-ventilated place.

P405 Store locked up.

P501 Dispose of contents/container in accordance with national regulations.

Disposal

P501 Dispose of contents/container in accordance with national regulations.

SECTION 2 HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION (Continued)

Pictograms:







Issued: May 2019

SECTION 3

COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Ingredients:

CHEMICALCAS NUMBERPROPORTIONPropiconazole60207-90-1250 g/L

Hydrocarbon Liquid
Other ingredients determined not to be hazardous

60207-90-1

250 g/L

600 g/L

Balance

SECTION 4

FIRST AID MEASURES

FIRST AID

Ingestion: If swallowed do NOT induce vomiting. If poisoning occurs, contact a Doctor or Poisons

Information Centre. Phone 131 126. Rinse mouth and give plenty of water to drink. Make every effort to prevent vomit from entering the lungs by careful placement of the

patient.

Eye contact: Immediately hold eyes open and flood gently with clean water until chemical is

removed. Ensure irrigation under eyelids by occasionally lifting them. Do not try to

remove contact lenses unless trained. If irritation persists, seek medical advice.

Skin contact: Remove contaminated clothing. Wash skin with soap and water thoroughly to remove

chemical. If skin is irritated, seek medical advice. Launder contaminated clothing before

re-use.

Inhalation: Remove to fresh air and observe until recovered. If effects persist, seek medical advice.

Advice to Doctor: No specific antidote. Treat symptomatically.

SECTION 5

FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Specific Hazard: Combustible liquid. Flash point > 61°.

Extinguishing media: Combustible liquid (C1). Extinguish fire using foam blanket, carbon dioxide or dry agent. If not available, use waterfog or fine water spray but ensure all runoff is contained. Contain all runoff.

Apparent Pty Ltd Page 2 of 6

SECTION 5 FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES (Continued)

Hazards from combustion products: Product will decompose when burnt and will emit toxic and noxious fumes. Firefighters to wear self-contained breathing apparatus and suitable protective clothing if risk of exposure to vapour or smoke.

Precautions for fire-fighters and special protective equipment: Isolate fire area. Evacuate downwind residents. Wear full protective clothing and self contained breathing apparatus. Do not breathe smoke or vapours generated.

SECTION 6

ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Issued: May 2019

Emergency procedures: Wear cotton overalls, buttoned to the neck and wrist, a washable hat, elbowlength PVC, nitrile or neoprene gloves, goggles and disposable fume mask. In the case of spillage, stop leak if safe to do so, and contain spill. Prevent spillage entering drains or watercourses. Contain and absorb spilled material with absorbent material such as sand, clay, cat litter or material such as vermiculite. Collect recoverable product for use as labelled on the product. Vacuum, shovel or pump contaminated spilled material into an approved container and dispose of waste as per the requirements of Local or State Waste Management Authorities. Keep out animals and unprotected persons. Launder protective clothing before storage or re-use.

Material and methods for containment and cleanup procedures: To clean spill area, tools and equipment, wash with a solution of soap, water and acetic acid/vinegar. Follow this with a neutralisation step of washing the area with a bleach or caustic soda ash solution. Finally, wash with a strong soap and water solution. Absorb, as above, any excess liquid and add both solutions to the drums of waste already collected. Prevent runoff from entering drains. If a significant quantity of material enters drains, advise emergency services. Thoroughly launder protective clothing before storage or re-use.

SECTION 7

HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions for Safe Handling: Harmful if swallowed. Will damage the eyes. Will irritate the nose, throat and skin. Avoid contact with eyes and skin. Do not inhale vapour. When opening the container and preparing the product for use wear cotton overalls, buttoned to the neck and wrist, a washable hat, elbow-length PVC, nitrile or neoprene gloves, goggles and disposable fume mask. When using the prepared spray wear cotton overalls, buttoned to the neck and wrist, a washable hat, elbow-length PVC, nitrile or neoprene gloves and goggles. If product in eyes wash it out immediately with water. If product on skin immediately wash area with soap and water. Wash hands after use. After each day's use, wash gloves, goggles and contaminated clothing.

Conditions for Safe Storage: Store in the closed, original container in a well ventilated area away from children, animals, food, feedstuffs, seed and fertilisers. Do not store for prolonged periods in direct sunlight. Ideally, the product should be stored below 30°C. This product is classified as a C1 (Combustible Liquid) for the purpose of storage and handling, in accordance with the requirements of AS 1940. Refer to state regulations for storage and transport requirements. Do not store or use near naked flame, or heat sources. Do not cut or weld container.

SECTION 8

EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

Exposure Guidelines:

Exposure guidelines have not been established for this product by Safe Work Australia.

Biological Limit Values:

No biological limit allocated.

Engineering controls:

Keep containers closed when not in use. No special engineering controls are required, however make sure that the work environment remains clean and that vapours and mists are minimised.

Personal Protective Equipment (PPE):

General: When opening the container and preparing the product for use wear cotton overalls, buttoned to the neck and wrist, a washable hat, elbow-length PVC, nitrile or neoprene gloves, goggles and

Apparent Pty Ltd Page 3 of 6

SECTION 8 EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION (Continued)

Issued: May 2019

disposable fume mask. When using the prepared spray wear cotton overalls, buttoned to the neck and wrist, a washable hat, elbow-length PVC, nitrile or neoprene gloves and goggles. If product in eyes wash it out immediately with water. If product on skin immediately wash area with soap and water. Wash hands after use. After each day's use, wash gloves, goggles and contaminated clothing.

<u>Personal Hygiene</u>: Clean water should be available for washing in case of eye or skin contamination. Wash skin before eating, drinking or smoking. Shower at the end of the workday.

SECTION 9 PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance: Clear yellow coloured liquid.

Odour: No odour.

Boiling point: No data available. Freezing point: No data available. Specific Gravity: No data available. Solubility in Water: Emulsifies in water. pH: No data available. Flammability: Not flammable. Corrosive hazard: Not corrosive. Not flammable. Flashpoint (°C):

Poisons Schedule: This product is a Schedule 6 (S6) poison.

Formulation Type: Emulsifiable Concentrate (EC).

SECTION 10

STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Chemical Stability: Product is considered stable in ambient conditions for a period of at least 2 years after manufacture.

Conditions to avoid: Do not store for prolonged periods in direct sunlight. Do not store or use near naked flame, or heat sources.

Incompatible materials: Strong oxidising agents and strong alkalis.

Hazardous decomposition products: When involved in a fire will emit toxic and noxious fumes.

Hazardous reactions: No particular reactions to avoid.

SECTION 11

TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

No specific data is available for this product as no toxicity tests have been conducted on this product. Information presented is our best judgement based on similar products and/or individual components. As with all products for which limited data is available, caution must be exercised through the use of protective equipment and handling procedures to minimise exposure.

Potential Health Effects:

ACUTE EFFECTS

Swallowed: Harmful if swallowed. Acute Oral LD₅₀ > 2000 mg/kg for similar product.

Eye: The concentrate is irritating to the eyes. Prolonged contact with the concentrate may cause

damage to the eye. Symptoms may include stinging and reddening of eyes and watering. If exposure is brief, symptoms should disappear once exposure has ceased and eye has

been washed with water.

Skin: This product may be irritating to the skin after prolonged or repeated contact. $LD_{50} > 4000$

mg/kg (similar product).

Inhaled: Inhalation of mists or sprays may produce respiratory irritation. Hydrocarbon solvent may

cause central nervous system depression.

Apparent Pty Ltd Page 4 of 6

SECTION 11 TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION (Continued)

Long Term Exposure:

Chronic toxicity: Teratology/development toxicity: Developmental toxicity in rats and rabbits was observed only at maternally toxic dose levels of propiconazole technical.

Reproductive toxicity: No reproductive toxicity was observed in a study with rats exposed to propiconazole technical for two generations.

Mutagenicity: Propiconazole technical does not present any genetic hazard to intact animal systems.

This product contains a solvent mixture. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged occupational overexposures to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage. Symptoms reported include fatigue, concentration difficulties, anxiety, depression, rapid mood swings and short-term memory loss. Since many other diseases cause some or all of these symptoms, a doctor should be consulted if any appear.

SECTION 12

ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Issued: May 2019

Environmental Toxicology: Low toxicity to birds. Acute oral LD $_{50}$ bobwhite quail > 2825 mg/kg, mallard ducks > 2510 mg/kg and Japanese quail = 2223 mg/kg. Moderate to high toxicity to aquatic organisms. The reported 96-hour LC $_{50}$ values for rainbow trout is 5.3 mg/L, carp = 6.8 mg/L and golden orfe 5.1 mg/L. The 48-hour LC $_{50}$ for Daphnia (water flea), an important food source for freshwater fish, is 4.8 mg/L. The EC $_{50}$ (5 days) for green algae is 17 mg/L. Low toxicity to honeybees. The reported LC $_{50}$ values for earthworms in soil is 454 mg/kg.

Environmental Fate:

Propiconazole is of moderate persistence in most soils with T_{50} = 110 days. This product is unlikely to accumulate in body tissues. After oral administration to the rat, Propiconazole is rapidly absorbed and also rapidly and almost completely eliminated with urine and faeces. Residues in tissues were generally low and there was no evidence for accumulation or retention of Propiconazole or its metabolites.

SECTION 13

DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Spills and Disposal: Persons involved in cleanup require adequate skin protection - see section 8. Spills and Disposal: Keep material out of streams and sewers. Dispose of drummed wastes, including decontamination solution in accordance with the requirements of Local or State Waste Management Authorities.

In rural areas contact ChemClear http://www.chemclear.com.au for help with collection of unwanted rural chemicals.

Disposal of empty containers: Triple-rinse containers before disposal. Add rinsings to spray tank. Do not dispose of undiluted chemicals on site. If recycling, replace cap and return clean containers to recycler or designated collection point. If not recycling, break, crush, or puncture and deliver empty packaging to an approved waste management facility. If an approved waste management facility is not available, bury the empty packaging 500 mm below the surface in a disposal pit specifically marked and set up for this purpose, clear of waterways, desirable vegetation and tree roots, in compliance with relevant local, state or territory government regulations. Do not burn empty containers or product.

drumMUSTER is the national program for the collection and recycling of empty, cleaned, non returnable crop production and on-farm animal health chemical containers. If the label on your container carries the drumMuster symbol, triple rinse the container, ring your local Council, and offer the container for collection in the program.

SECTION 14

TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Transport: Apparent Propiconazole 250 EC Fungicide is not classified as a Dangerous Goods under the Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road and Rail, the International Maritime Dangerous Goods (IMDG) Code or the International Air Transport Association (IATA).

Apparent Pty Ltd Page 5 of 6

SECTION 15

REGULATORY INFORMATION

Issued: May 2019

Under the Standard for Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons (SUSMP), this product is a Schedule 6 poison.

This product is registered under the Agricultural and Veterinary Chemicals Code Act 1994. Product Registration No. 69469.

This product is classified as a Hazardous Substance under the criteria of Safe Work Australia.

This product is not classified as a Dangerous Good according to the ADG Code (7th Ed).

Requirements concerning special training:

Check State or Territory regulations that require people who use pesticides in their job or business to have training in the application of the materials.

SECTION 16

OTHER INFORMATION

Issue Date: 12 May 2019. Valid for 5 years till 12 May 2019. (5 year revision).

Key to abbreviations and acronyms used in this SDS:

ADG Code: Australian Dangerous Goods Code (for the transport of dangerous goods by Road and

Rail).

Ataxia: Inability to control the coordinate movements of the muscles.

Carcinogen: An agent which is responsible for the formation of a cancer.

Genotoxic: Capable of causing damage to genetic material, such as DNA.

Mutagenic: Capable of inducing a genetic mutation in an organism.

LD₅₀: Median Lethal Dose A statistically derived single dose of a substance that can be

expected to cause death in 50% of dosed animals.

OCS: Office of Chemical Safety.
PPE: Personal protective equipment.

Teratogen: An agent capable of causing abnormalities in a developing foetus.

TWA: The Time Weighted Average airborne concentration over an eight-hour working day, for a

five day working week over an entire working life.

Safe Work Australia: Formally known as Australian Safety & Compensation Council (ASCC) which

was formally known as the National Occupational Health & Safety Commission

(NOHSC).

References

"Search Hazardous Substances". Safe Work Australia website. (2019).

- "Approved Criteria for Classifying Hazardous Substances" 3rd Ed. NOHSC Australia. [NOHSC:1008 (2004)]. October 2004.
- 3. Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals (GHS). United Nations, 2009.

This SDS summarises our best knowledge of the health and safety hazard information of the product and how to safely handle and use the product in the workplace. Each user should read this SDS and consider the information in the context of how the product will be handled and used in the workplace including in conjunction with other products.

If clarification or further information is needed to ensure that an appropriate risk assessment can be made, the user should contact this company.

End SDS

Apparent Pty Ltd Page 6 of 6